Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1869. NUMBER 155.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK, M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Excitement Over the Action of the Peers on the Irish Church Bill—The London Press and the Postponement of the Debate on the Alabama Claims—Political Storm in France—Important Concessions by the Emperor—Resignation of the Ministry—Progress of the Great Eastern With the Cable.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, July 8.—The action of the House of Lords on the Irish Church bill caused intense excitement. Messrs. Bright and Gladstone are in receipt of letters daily from persons offering a recommencement of the Reform League agitation, but they discountenance the movement for the present, and express the belief that the Lords will recede at the last moment from their opposition to the will of the people, through a compromise, effected in the postponement of the date of the disestablishment to January, 1872, by paying in a lump the sum of half a million pounds in lieu of private donations, and by allowing life interests to be computed at fourteen years purchase.

The following letter has been circulated privately among well known Progressives: "SIR: In view of a probable failure of the Irish Church bill through the opposition of the House of Lords to the Government, the Commons and the country, you are requested to inform the Secretary of the Reform League whether you are willing that your name shall be used in the event of a defeat of the measure, to a public call for a mass meeting to consider the best constitutional method of getting rid of this obstruction of legislation based upon the expressed will of the people."

LONDON, July 9.—The *Times* regards the postponement of the debate on the the Alabama claims with satisfaction. Their introduction at the present moment would serve no good purpose. A general sense of weariness with respect to the subject on both sides necessitates an interval of a considerable period before it is resumed. Debate could be only useful if Parliament disapproved of the conduct of the Ministry, or wished to instruct it in regard to future negotiations. But there is no dissatisfaction. The only charge against Lords Stanley and Clarendon is that they were too yielding; but Commons were not likely to advise a withdrawal of the concessions made, nor were they prepared to lay down a plan for future negotiations, and anticipations of such results from discussion were most imprudent. Another reason for declining discussion is due regard for national dignity, which forbids our approaching the American government on these questions. Public opinion is unanimous on this point. The late treaty was virtually American, for it was made, altered and re-altered by Seward and Johnson. It was rejected as much through party antipathies as from discontent with its provisions. It was probably foredoomed, and whatever its provisions might have been, in all likelihood it would have met the same fate. England is ready to listen to any proposals from America, but to display a desire to receive them favorably would tend to increase, not lessen, the demand. When Mr. Motley considers the feeling of America is such that a treaty consistent with the honor of England, will satisfy the Americans, he may address the Government for a renewal of negotiations. Only such treaty will have a chance of acceptance. Nothing more is desired than to live in peace and good will with a kindred nation, but now less disposition exists to sacrifice the interests and dignity of the country. Any unjust, pretentious public will not approve any eagerness to negotiate, which seems to forbode weakness when negotiation comes. The prevalence of more moderate views in America is gratifying. It is to be hoped that the question of the Queen's neutrality proclamation, which has dropped out of sight, will be tacitly abandoned. This formidable change is owing to the discovery that England will not concede beyond a certain point, and this resolution is not likely to be shaken.

The *Star* is glad the Alabama discussion has been postponed. American investment against England is likely to become weaker, and her desire to reduce the burden of the public debt stronger. The best thing for both countries is to hold their peace, for while no general discussion can simplify matters, the new House of Commons evidently preferred to leave the responsibility of postponement on the Government, and the *Star* thinks the country will approve its prudent self restraint.

It is reported Lord Howden has been appointed Minister from England to Spain.

The Associated Chambers of Commerce have tendered a public breakfast to Hamilton Hilt.

The assignees of Overend, Guerny & Co.'s Bank will pay a dividend of one shilling on the pound in September, making full payment to all creditors of their claims, with the exception of accrued interest.

LONDON, July 9.—*Midnight.*—In the House of Lords to-night the Irish Church bill came up for report from the Committee.

On motion of Lord Cairns, the date of first of May, 1871, was substituted for the first of January, 1872, throughout the bill.

Lord Redesdale moved an amendment that representatives of the Irish Church and the Catholic Synod, in case of vacant Bishops, nominate three persons for the Crown to select from, and that the Crown be empowered to summon one Archbishop and two Bishops from each church to sit in Parliament.

The Earl of Granard protested, on the part of the Catholics, against the amendment, which he declared was utterly inadmissible. It was withdrawn.

The Marquis of Clancardy moved that clause 28, giving power to convey additional land to the Church body be restored to its original form. He said the clause, as now amended, revived the Protestant ascendancy in its most hateful form, giving glebe lands to the Church, but refusing them to Catholics and Presbyterians. It was certain that the Government and the House of Commons would never sanction the amended clause.

The Marquis of Salisbury replied that on moving the amendment he contemplated similar grants to Catholics and Presbyterians, according to Mr. Bright's original proposal, which Mr. Gladstone had endorsed; but he thought that the retention of their own glebes by the Irish Church was not unfair.

After further discussion it was announced that the Catholics had decided not to accept glebe lands or residences.

The Marquis of Clancardy's motion to restore clause twenty-nine was lost by a vote of 40 to 90.

The amendment embracing the proposal of Earl Granville to pay half a million sterling in money, instead of handing over private endowments created before 1660, was agreed to. The report was then received.

The Earl of Clancardy gave notice that when the bill came up for the third reading he should move a postponement of three months.

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 8.—The political commotion in France continues. The Emperor has decided to give way to the Chamber, and to change his system of government. He meets with great difficulties in his efforts to complete a new combination, but the grand event is expected in a week. The new Ministry will emerge from the Centre Left party, between the Radical minority and the adherents of the Empire. The Centre Left are for Empire, but insist on a responsible Minister or a Parliamentary Government, as in England.

The specie in the Bank of France has decreased eleven million nine hundred thousand francs.

PARIS, July 9.—The *People Francais* says the deputies in the Corps Legislatif, who are now signing an interpolation for political reform, are members of Tiers' Parti and friends of the government. They do not want the Emperor to renounce his right of initiative, but ask him to allow the Chamber to share in it. We believe the Emperor is not disposed to reject their demand. The situation is not disquieting. While one side is not disposed to make exaggerated claims, the other is equally resolved not to make exaggerated resistance. The crisis will terminate in a compromise which will satisfy public opinion. The article continues: Minister Rouner, in his reply yesterday to M. Favre, admitted that a ministerial crisis was spoken of, but the great question of the changes, which will powerfully affect the institutions of society in the future, was bound up with the question of the barrier which must be raised against revolution. We know not when or by whom the agreement will be achieved, but we do know on what force the Chamber will rely to preserve society.

The evening journals announce the resignation of Ministers. It is believed M. Rouher has been commissioned to form a new cabinet, which will include four members of the Tiers Parti. A manifesto from the Emperor is looked for.

Senator Ramsey, of Minnesota, arrived here to-day.

BREST, July 9.—Up to Thursday noon the steamship Great Eastern had run 1,754 knots from this port and paid out 1,977 knots of the cable. The officers of the expedition on board the steamer expected to reach the shoal by Friday noon.

SPAIN.

MADRID, July 9.—The press and the people generally condemn the Ministry. The Governor of Cataloula has been dismissed for not preventing a Republican demonstration in Barcelona. Disorders are anticipated there, and troops are kept in readiness to suppress any turbulance.

MARINE NEWS.

LIVERPOOL, July 8.—The steamship Westphalia, from New York, has arrived.

MEVILLE, July 9.—The steamship Europe, from New York, has arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 9.—Consols, for money, 93⅛; on account, 93¼; 5-20 bonds at London are easier at 81½; do. at Frankfort, 87⅛; Erie, 18½; Illinois, 95½. Stocks quiet.

LIVERPOOL, July 9.—*Evening.*—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 12¾d; New Orleans, 12¾d; sales 10,000 bales. California white Wheat at 10s 8d, and red western at 9s 5d@9s 6d. Flour, 24s 6d. Corn, No. 2 mixed, 28s 6d for old, and 27s for new. Oats, 3s 6d. Peas, 38s 3d. Pork, 99s. Beef, 90s. Lard, 71s. Cheese, 64s. Bacon, 62s. Common Rosin, 4s 9d, and fine at 15s. Spirits Petroleum, 7d, and refined, 1s 6½d. Tallow, 45s. Turpentine, 27s. Linseed Oil, 32s. Linseed Cakes, 102s.

LONDON, July 9.—Tallow, 45s. Sperm Oil, 92s. Sugar, 39s 9d. Petroleum, 28s 9d, afloat. Whale Oil, 40s. Calcutta Linseed, 61s 6d. Petroleum at Antwerp, 49½f. Spirits Turpentine, 27s 6d.

HAVRE, July 9.—Cotton closed quiet and steady.

FRANKFORT, July 9.—U. S. 5-20 bonds closed at 86⅞ for new issue.

Gettysburg Memorial Association.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GETTYSBURG, PA., July 9.—The Board of Directors of the Gettysburg Memorial Association have passed resolutions to designate with plain but permanent granite numerals the positions of the different divisions, brigades, &c., of each army during the battle. The Secretary of the Association was directed to invite the Generals who commanded corps, divisions and brigades to furnish the information required, in order truly to designate the positions and events to be perpetuated, and to make arrangements for their reunion on the field on the first week of August, to confer together and determine the points to be commemorated.

The Political Campaign in Tennessee.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, July 9.—The candidates for Governor spoke at Lebanon yesterday. Governor Senter is in Nashville and will dispose of public business needing immediate attention. He is sanguine of his election. He has recently appointed a number of new Registers, and will continue to make changes whenever necessary to secure a full registration.

General Stokes went home from Lebanon, but will be here to-morrow evening. His friends report him in good health and confident of success.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 9, 1869.

CABINET MEETING.

All the members of the Cabinet were present at their regular meeting to-day.

APPOINTMENT.

The President has appointed Jas. S. Upton Postmaster at Battle Creek, Mich., vice Chandler Ford, removed.

CHICAGO BANKS.

The abstract of the reports of thirteen Chicago National Banks shows the resources and liabilities to be $30,241,000; specie, $40,000; legal tender notes, $3,255,000; three per cent. certificates, $590,000; United States deposits, $4,000.

RECIPROCITY WITH CANADA.

The presence here of Hon. John Rose, Minister of Finance of the Canadian Government, has caused the return of Mr. Thornton, British Minister, from Newburyport, where he had taken his family. The visit of Mr. Rose is induced by a desire to confer with the United States authorities respecting the new reciprocity treaty, but more especially on business connected with Hudson Bay claim board, of which he is the representative of Great Britain.

MISSISSIPPI AND TEXAS ELECTIONS.

The President to-day, in conversation with several prominent Mississippians, said it was his desire, and he should accordingly instruct Generals Ames and Reynolds in their preliminary arrangements for the election in Mississippi and Texas, to observe entire fairness and impartiality.

According to what is understood to have taken place in the Cabinet to-day, the election in Mississippi will probably not occur until the fourth Tuesday in November, after the election in Pennsylvania and Ohio. Nothing definite has transpired regarding the Texas election, but it is thought the day will be equally remote.

ST. LOUIS.

Eastern Excursionists—Return of Vincent Collyer—Death of a Noted Cyprian.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—The excursion party from Cleveland, Indianapolis and other points, representing the C. C. & C. and Indianapolis and St. Louis Railroads, made an excursion up and down the harbor, and visited various places of note in and around the city to-day, and were highly pleased with what they saw. They leave to-morrow for Leavenworth by way of the Pacific Railroad. It is not decided whether they will go out the Kansas Pacific Road.

Vincent Collyer, who has been visiting the Indians, in the west passed through here to-day en route east.

Eliza Haycraft, a famous cyprian of this city, and noted for many acts of benevolence, died to-day of apoplexy. She leaves an estate valued at over $300,000.

Weather very warm and clear; the mercury rose to 90 at noon and 93 at three P. M. Accounts from the interior are favorable for the crops.

The Exposition at Cincinnati.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 9.—The Committee on the Exposition of textile fabrics and raw materials, to be held in this city on the 3rd of August, and to continue four days, held a meeting this afternoon. Reports were encouraging. A long list of premiums was adopted, embracing jeans, tweeds, flannels, sheetings, cotton yarns, carpets, raw cotton, wool, flax, silk and many other articles. One hundred dollars are offered for the best specimen bale of new cotton. Each exhibitor is to be presented with a handsome bronze medal, prepared at the United States mint. Many manufacturers throughout the South and West have signified their determination to exhibit their fabrics. The Exposition will be opened with formal ceremonies. The indications now are that it will be one of the most interesting affairs of the kind ever held in the West.

Latest News from Cuba.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, July 9.—The Government estimates the expenditures for July at $2,000,000. The Government has embargoed up to date five hundred and forty estates, of which twenty have produced $75,000 for the State. The rest are in a state of liquidation.

Count Valmeseda writes to the Captain General that the civil authority has been re-established in the jurisdictions of Manzanilla, Bayama and Jiquani, and travelling on the highways was safe.

Capt. General De Rodas has granted to the correspondent of the associated press free use of the telegraph. At the interview he said in reporting military movements correspondents would always be permitted to state facts, though at times they might be unfavorable to the Government; that true knowledge of what actually passed in Cuba would injure no one.

Politics in Mississippi.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

JACKSON, July 9.—The new organ of the National Republican party made its appearance to-day. It hoists the name of Judge Dent for Governor. The salutatory says it will be truly national in all its aims, yielding hearty and unqualified support to the administration of President Grant, and urging strict adherence to the reconstruction acts, it will endeavor to bring about such wise and reasonable action on the part of the people of Mississippi as will place them in full accord with congress and the nation, and will advocate universal suffrage and universal amnesty upon the basis of civil and political equality to all.

Judge Dent's nomination on the Grant platform meets with warm approbation and general applause.

Virginia Election.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, July 9.—Eighty-four counties give Walker 23,000 majority.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The Internal Revenue receipts yesterday $600,000.

—THE small pox has materially decreased in New York city.

—Courtland C. Clements has been appointed Surveyor General of Utah.

—The steamer Weser, from Bremen via Southampton, arrived at New York yesterday.

—The Legislature of New Hampshire adjourned yesterday. One hundred and sixty-one acts and resolutions were passed during the session.

—Vice President Colfax and wife arrived in Chicago yesterday morning, and left again for their home at South Bend, Indiana, last evening.

—At Long Branch, N. Y., a complimentary ball was given last evening to the Society of the Army and Navy of the Gulf. It was a grand success.

—The nuptials of Miss Mary Stillman, daughter of Nelson Stillman, of Galena, Illinois, with Col. George G. Pride, of New York, were celebrated in the former city on Thursday.

—The Charlotte and South Carolina and the Augusta and Columbia Railroad Companies have been consolidated, under the title of the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad Company.

—No warrants have yet been issued against New York brokers or money lenders, but the grand jury is taking evidence on the subject. A large number of well known brokers are being summoned to testify.

—The lager beer dealers of Boston have formed a permanent organization for vigorous political action to repeal the liquor law. The Germans throughout the State are invited to form local societies for the same object.

—The Union Pacific Railroad announces another reduction in freights. First class freight is now carried from Omaha to Promontory Point for five dollars per 100 pounds; second class $4.75, and third class $3.80.

—At the Amherst College (Mass.) Commencement, yesterday, the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon Rev. Edwin E. Bloss, of Constantinople, Turkey, and Rev. E. P. Goodwin, of Chicago.

—The Directors of the Buffalo & Erie Railroad have accepted an agreement to consolidate with the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railway, subject to the approval of the stockholders, the vote to be taken on the 10th of August.

—It is stated that Colonel John Warren, the Fenian prisoner recently released from an English jail, has had an interview with President Grant, and received a letter from him to Secretary Fish, directing an investigation into all the cases of imprisonment specified by Warren.

—The Morocco Manufacturers' National Exchange met at Cape May, yesterday, and organized. About forty associations were represented. Among the questions discussed were those of the wages of workmen, the apprentice system, and the transportation of goat skins.

—Thomas Mulhall, twice convicted at Cleveland, Ohio, of aiding and abetting the murder of David P. Skinner, was yesterday sentenced to be hung on the 26th of August. John Kilferil, convicted of being accessory to the plot to rob Mr. Skinner, was sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment.

—The Congressional excursion party, visiting the route of the Kansas Pacific Railroad, arrived at Bent's Fort on Thursday by special stage from Sheridan. They express themselves as highly pleased with the trip and the country through which they have passed. Gen. Schofield furnished them with an escort. No hostile Indians have been seen.

—The monument erected to the memory of Fitz Greene Halleck, at Gilford, Connecticut, was dedicated on Friday with appropriate ceremonies. About three thousand persons were in attendance. The principal features of the exercises were the reading of Oliver Wendell Holmes' poem, written for the occasion, and an oration. Masonic delegations were present.

—The Northern Pacific Railroad exploring party left Minneapolis, Minn., yesterday morning, by rail for a camp beyond St. Cloud, where the first night camp will be pitched. The following are the names of the party: Hon. J. Gregory Smith, President of the Northern Pacific Railroad, Vermont; Hon. R. D. Rice, Director, Maine; Hon. W. C. Smith, Member Congress, Vermont; Hon. F. Woodbridge, Ex-Member of Congress; Vermont; Rev. Dr. W. H. Lord, Vermont; Dr. S. W. Thayer, Vermont; C. C. Coffin, (Carleton, of the Boston *Journal,*) C. F. Johnson, Chief Engineer Northern Pacific, Connecticut; A. B. Boyless, New York; Mr. Holmes, Agent of Jay Cooke & Co., New York; James Colebourn, Maine; Hon. Wm. Windom, Winona; Jno. Douglas, Winona; Gov. Marshall, of Minnesota; Hon. E. M. Wilson, of Minnesota; Geo. R. Brackett, of Minnesota; Pierre Bottmean, of Minnesota.

QUIPS AND CRANKS.

CAPITAL LETTERS—L. S. D.—*Judy.*

THE FOOT GUARDS—Boots and shoes.

BEAU TO A GOOSE—A gander, of course!

A COLOR difficult to see—Blindman's buff.

COMPANIONS in arms—twin babies—*Judy.*

FANCY BREAD—a roll of the eye.—*Judy.*

GOOD Summer resort for Infants—Rock-a-way.

A SENIOR WRANGLER—A wife older than yourself.

SUPER-HUMAN BEINGS—the demons of a pantomime.—*Judy.*

THE greatest drawback on coal—its price.—*Lowell Courier.*

THE cup that cheers but not inebriates—the butter-cup.—*Judy.*

JUDY inquires the relation between a tea-fight and a coffee-mill.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE—Irish lawn is at a discount.—*Punch.*

BRIGHT prospects for the Quakers—the Indians are "scouring" the Plains.

THE TURN OF THE TIDE—Ah, but they can't turn if they are tied properly!

MAY columns of figures footed by Webb's adder be said to be Webb footed?

NO WONDER the Great Eastern is a financial failure when she is constantly "paying out."—*Lowell Courier.*

THE CHINESE.

Interesting Facts About Them—What They Can do, How They Live and What They Believe.

From a very interesting letter from the special San Francisco correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* we make the following extracts regarding the new class of citizens rapidly pouring into our country from the Oriental Empire:

What of the Chinese? Much that is interesting and important. There are in round numbers one hundred thousand of them in the Pacific States, and the new arrivals now average from fifteen hundred to two thousand per month. They abound as laborers along the whole line of the Central Pacific Railroad to Promontory Point, and over this distance have pushed off into the towns as servants and tradesmen, and into the mines wherever allowed to come. They are spreading eastward slowly; there are a few in Omaha, and John Chinaman, with his round hat and pig tail coiled under it or dangling between his heels, his long blue shirt which he wears over his blue pantaloons, will shortly be no curiosity in the Mississippi Valley. He is on his way in force to make his future Eastern employers a visit.

Chinatown, as the quarter of the city in which the Celestials live is called, is certainly one of the most interesting spots to visit in California. There are about a dozen blocks, whose four sides swarm with them, and a half dozen streets for a distance of several squares are filled with their stores and shops. It is a live scene. The Chinaman moves quick, and the stream in the streets seems constant, though it is heaviest when those employed over the city pour out from their quarters to their places of employment in the morning, and return in the flood tide at night.

California is blessed with gold, and rich soil, and charming climate. Its resources are beyond computation. Its best citizens speak of these, and then say that of all their blessings that of Chinese labor is one of the greatest. The whole business and commerce of the State was languishing because of the scarcity of laborers. But just in the time of greatest need the relief came. Women were few in California, house servants could be found for the wealthiest alone. But John arrived, and though he knew nothing of American housekeeping or cooking, he learned both with almost a single lesson. And taken as a class there are no better house servants in the land to-day than these, if indeed there is any class so good. And they are equally as efficient as cooks, chamber maids or nurses. Show them once or twice how to do anything within the range of their ability, and in household matters it is a wide one, and he will continue to do the thing exactly as he was shown to the end of his days.

But for John the Pacific Railroad would have been delayed three years. As an artist with shoved or drill, wheelbarrow and cart he has proved himself unsurpassed. He is temperate, has no rows, is not at home in a riot, knows nothing of strikes, has few holidays, boards himself, cooks his own food to his own liking, does his own washing, keeps himself scrupulously clean, is always respectful, contented and jovial. He is above all other classes a most useful and pleasant person to build railroads with.

And then he is good at almost everything else where intelligent labor is required. The largest and finest woolen mill on the coast, and in fact whose work is not equalled elsewhere, employs Chinamen alone. This company, after making very heavy contracts, were subjected to the test of a general strike among their white workmen. To yield to the demands was to lose largely, to stop work was to be ruined. In this strait they decided to try Chinese. Enough were selected to attend all the machinery, and in a few days the mill was running again up to its full capacity, and producing its best quality of goods. And here the most improved machinery known in such establishments is in use.

They do all the work in the most extensive shot tower in the West. They make all fine articles of gentlemen's wear where the neatest machine sewing is required. They bind books and make books; they set type without knowing the language; they carve with great skill; in short, they are learning all trades rapidly, and becoming versed in the mysteries of all heavy machinery, and delicate and labor saving machines as well; and in all their movements are about as accurate and regular as the machinery itself. Most of the beautiful photographs and stereoscopic views which the Central Pacific Railroad Company has sent throughout the East are printed, finished and mounted by Chinamen.

Ninety-eight per cent. of those who come here can read and write their own language. Most of them are rapid in figuring. Their children learn our language quickly; the parents with difficulty, though they soon manage to acquire a stock of words and sentences which answer their purposes. They show a great anxiety to send their children to school where English is taught, though as yet few facilities have been given them, for while they pay full school taxes, they have as yet been furnished but one school house for forty pupils. As a class, there is none so law abiding—not even the Americans, and none more honest. They pay all taxes to the Government cheerfully and carefully, and the school tax of the State, though they have very small returns for the latter.

They are idolaters. This is the most difficult point in the whole problem. Still, those who suppose that American civilization can not stand against a few thousand or even a few millions Chinese, are borrowing much needless trouble.

Contrary to the opinions of most, the Chinamen erects no idol as God. He would no sooner do this than the Christian. His faith is this: God is good and kind, and so merciful that He will under no circumstances do us anything but good. But the Evil One hates us, and is ever watching an opportunity to injure and destroy us; we must conciliate him. And so Joss or Devil houses are erected, and incense is burned constantly, and offerings made to conciliate the Devil.

They believe in the sweet influence of departed spirits, that the dead are constantly around them to watch and guard and help. They make offerings of food at their graves, not as is said with the idea of feeding the dead, but to show them that they are remembered. Their name for God and for the influence which these departed exert is the same as that which expresses the soft warmth and effect of a Southern sun falling upon a slope which looks toward the South.

They send their dead home to bury them in the family line, so that the chain of ancestry may be complete, and the sweet influences from the spirit world flow through the line uninterruptedly. If the line is broken by an absent dead one, the influences are less regular, and the wandering spirit is not at rest, and instead of watching to do good, desires to injure and make trouble in return for the neglect of his body. Three times a year offerings are made to departed spirits, and a late Emperor has decreed that the Government make offerings also three times a year to spirits at large, that is to the spirits of such as have died in battle or have been lost at sea and left unburied or not returned to the graves where the family line is laid. This Emperor had lost some of his family at sea, and after much mourning over his broken line of buried ancestors he hit upon the remedy thus described.

There is much that is beautiful and poetical in what they term their religion, and much that shows a mind susceptible to religious truth. The missionary field is being brought to our very doors in California. The great societies of the country can not move too promptly in efforts to educate and christianize these pagans, skilled in all labor and accomplished in a thousand ways, and whose coming will bless the country in many important respects. The wave is settling in upon our shores strongly, and Christian missionary effort should be immediately put forth to reclaim and mould this new element in our wealth and advancements.

But under the encouragement which the better classes are giving them, all this is changing. Their merchants are erecting stores, and investing in real estate. The laborers are purchasing homes and sending for their wives. More and more of those who go home are returning, and most of them with friends designing to stay. The attention of the great Chinese capitalist of the Empire is being turned to our coast, and the hope among many of our best business men in San Francisco is that they will very shortly be induced to take hold of great enterprises. The coin of the world has been pouring into China for generations. In Canton and Hong Kong there are many native depositors of five and six millions, and many Chinese companies which could furnish fifty and sixty millions to such an enterprise as the Pacific Railroad, or to steamship lines, if they could once be interested in the matter. Chinese merchants say these men will invest the moment they can have full protection for their persons and property under the laws.

Proper Use of the Bible.

A great many people think that the Bible is a very sacred book. If you read this book and find moral qualities in it, and they are transferred as living virtues to you, then to you it becomes a sacred book. This book is sacred to you just so far as its teachings are incorporated in your experience and feelings, and not a bit further. All that part of the Bible is Bible to you that you live by. So much of the Bible as you vitalize is valuable to you; but so much of it as you do not vitalize is of no use to you. You put your Bible in your book-case. There it stands all the week, perhaps. Or you you read it once a day, or once a week, as the case may be. And you do it very decorously. The room is still, and your children sit around the room in a stiff row. You put on your spectacles and read; and as you read you lower the key of your voice—for when men want to be religious they always take a solemn note; and you read all the way through the chapter, and are like a blind man walking along the road where there are all sorts of flowers on both sides, never seeing a single one. Men read thus, and feel a great deal better, because they have read the Bible to their family! Now, I tell you, the only thing you read in the Bible is that which jumps into you, and which you cannot get out of you. It is the vital, luminous part, and not the dead letter that you read, if you read any part of the Bible. Suppose I should set up housekeeping on the same principle that some people set up in their religious housekeeping? A man goes to housekeeping, and gets a Bible, with his name on the inside, and his name on the outside, and puts it on the table, in his best room; and there it lies for months and years without being opened—unless there is a funeral in the family. Suppose I should go to housekeeping, and should give an order to the grocer for three boxes of sperm candles, saying, "I am going to have a luminous house," and should put those candles away in the attic and never light one of them? What is the use of candles but to burn? That is the very figure of our Master. He says, "No man puts a candle under a bushel, but he lights it and puts it on a candlestick."—*Beecher.*

THE COLOR OF LEAVES.—The green color of leaves, one element of which must be a vegetable blue, some time since led an American experimentalist to the conclusion that leaves turn red at the end of the season through the action of an acid, and that the green color could be restored by the action of an alkali. The conclusion has been verified, the London *Athenæum* now declares, by experiment. Autumal leaves placed under a receiver with vapor of ammonia in nearly every instance lost the red color and renewed their green. In some, such as the sassafras, blackberry and maple, the change was rapid, and could be watched by the eye, while others, particularly certain oaks, turned gradually brown, without showing any appearance of green.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

"LE FOLLET."

Three women went sh opp'ng out into the West,
Out into the West End of London Town;
Each had on the bonnet she kept for her best
And they ord red things wholesale, and had 'em 'put down;"
For men mas' work and women must waste,
And what's earn'd at leisure is spent in haste,
Though the husbands are moaning.

Three men sat up at a latesome hour,
And trimm'd their accounts as the sun went down;
They look'd for a squall, and they looked sad and sour,
And their coat sleeves were rolled up, all ragged and b own;
For men must work and women must waste,
And be dressed in the height of the fashion and taste,
Though the husbands are moaning.

Three writs they are out in the bailiff's hands,
On the suing of one who wants money down;
But the debtors, poor devils! can't meet their demands,
So they go to a sponging house kept in the town;
For men must work, and women must waste,
And the parents are beggared, the children disgraced,
And good bye to papa and his moaning.

MY UNCLE'S ROMANCE.

(From the French of D'Hele.)

D'Orville entered society ridiculously. He liked neither the play, nor wine, nor race-horses, nor opera girls. His education, however, was gained at Paris, and his teacher was an abbe; but nature cannot be changed.

The natural disposition of D'Orville was ripened by reading romance. He there imbibed sentiments so contrary to the fashions of the day, and he took so little care to conceal them, that his best friends considered him a downright original.

"What a pity!" said one, "the fellow has wit and a good figure, but he will never make anything."

And he had no desire to make anything but his happiness. To succeed in that there was but one way, to love and be loved; but loved as in a romance. An ambitious marriage, or even a "marriage de convenance," appeared to his eyes unbearable slavery.

M. Rondon, D'Orville's uncle, mourned over the caprices of his heir, and wished, by all means, to marry him with Mad. de Faventine, a very rich young widow of distinguished family; but D'Orville's repugnance was insurmountable.

"Spare yourself, my dear uncle," said he, "needless care. I do not wish your beautiful widow, and I declare that she is the last woman to whom I would give my hand."

"But you have not seen her!"

"Nor do I wish to see her. What! Having seen me in I know not what public place, this woman decides, addresses you, and demands me in marriage as she would ask for a piece of stuff at Buffault's. What love! What delicacy!"

"But if you knew how beautiful she is, and how lovely!"

"Indeed! Why not espouse her yourself then, uncle? I consent to the marriage."

"Yes, but she would not consent. Unfortunately she prefers twenty-five to fifty years. If it were not for that, I tell you, boy, the affair would have been already arranged, and I should have the double pleasure of punishing you and of securing my own happiness."

"And that of your friends"—

"D'Orville! D'Orville! Respect Madame de Faventine, or we will quarrel at once."

"As much respect as you please, my uncle, but no marriage."

The good Rondon bit his lips, twisted the tassel of his cane, and muttered between his teeth, words of experience, of authority, and of exheredation; but nothing could conquer the obstinacy of his nephew.

D'Orville's refusal did not come soley from the romantic systen he had adopted. He loved, or at least he beleived he loved, which is the same thing. He had met at the ball of the Opera, a mask, whose wit had appeared to him so delicate, so subtle, so opposite to commonplace, so much in contrast with the insipid tattle that reigns at these nocturnal feasts, that he belived himself the happiest man in the world in obtaining a rendezvous for the next ball.

The unknown appeared there without attendance even, always masked to the teeth, but amiable, spiritual, interesting.

These conversations were continued while the carnival lasted, and although the mask was constantly kept on (a bad sign, according to the knowing ones), the prettiest foot and the most beautiful hand augured favorably for the rest. In the midst of this intoxication, D'Orville's uncle proposed to him the alliance with Mad. de Faventine, and suffered a refusal, of which he was far from divining the true cause.

In the meantime, the season was passing without D'Orville's being able to learn the name or the residence of his dear unknown; and to instruct himself, there remained but the last ball. He went there precisely at midnight, determined to undertake everything, prayers, tears, and even espionage; but the unknown did not appear.

Filled with grief and anger, D'Orville left the ball and went home. Scarcely had he entered his house. when he received a visit from his uncle. New propositions on the part of the young widow, renewed rejections on the part of D'Orville.

"How odd is my lot!" said he to himself. "A woman who has never seen me has determined to espouse me, and I am determined in loving a woman whom I have never seen! It would seem that they have combined to enrage me, the one by her silence, the other by her importunities."

Whether he had divined justly or not, the two ladies continued the same course, and poor D'Orville, after having vainly waited for news of his dear unknown during three entire weeks, delivered himself from the persecutions of his uncle by leaving Paris. He had communicated his project to one of his friends, who secured him a mansion two leagues from the city. There he took refuge, without other company than that of La Fleur, his valet de chambre.

One day as he was walking in the neighboring woods, he saw two young peasant girls seated under a tree. The propriety and even elegance of their village habit attracted at once his regards. One held a book, which she appeared to read with interest. The other, her elbows on her knees, and her face resting on her hands, was in the attitude of one who listens. The whiteness of her hands reminded him of his unknown's.

"Heavens!" said he, "if the face should correspond."

This exclamation interrupted the reading.

"My sister, Babet! Get up. Somebody is here."

Babet rises confused, and discovers such beautiful and ingenuous features that the brush of Greuze alone could give an idea of their grace.

What a discovery for a romantic imagination! So much beauty, and in a forest, how irresistible! D'Orville had not even the desire to resist.

Enchanted by an adventure so conformable to his character, he yields without effort to his romantic inclination.

"Whoever you may be," said he to the villagers, "do not be alarmed at my presence. I do not come to trouble your solitude, nor your innocent pleasures; but allow me to share them, and be sure that I will not abuse your confidence."

This speech was not brilliant, but it was pronounced in a tone so timid that it had effect; for in love timidity is always persuasive. Babet and her companion, reassured little by little, consent to resume their places on the grass, and the happy D'Orville obtains permission to seat himself near them. He requests them to continue their reading; but Nicole, the elder, prefers conversation. D'Orville learns from her that she is the widow of the farmer of the land of which her friend is the owner; that she remains there with her cousin Babet; that this poor Babet, although nearly eighteen, has not been able to find a husband who suited her; that in truth she was a little difficult to please; that she would wish such an intended as we read of in story books, but everybody cannot expect that good fortune.

"That shall be your fortune, Babet," said D'Orville, in a low tone, "if your heart can respond to mine."

Nicole was willing to continue a conversation which could not but be interesting since Babet was its subject, when the shadows began to gather and warned them to retire, after promising to meet at the same place the next evening.

D'Orville returned home, gave himself up to all the ideas which a like adventure could create in a romantic mind. He directed La Fleur to go early in the morning to inquire after the health of the two cousins, to inform himself of their manner of living, and, above all, to discover if Babet had any secret inclination. The skilful valet fulfilled his commission to the delight of his master, and returned with the most satisfactory report,

The evening came at last, and the two villagers appeared at the same place.

La Fleur gives his arm to Nicole; D'Orville profits by the example, and offers his to Babet. The promenade is long without being fatiguing. D'Orville speaks of love, and she listens. On the morrow this conversation is repeated, and, although repeated, becomes still more interesting. From day to day love makes new progress, and Babet finally makes the confession which completes the happiness of her lover. Upon this touching avowal D'Orville decides, without hesitation! to brave the prejudices of birth and fortune, and to follow blindly all the feelings of his heart.

He flies to the chateau to give La Fleur orders to make preparations for a *fete champetre*, where Love and Hymen should preside. Suddenly the noise of a carriage is heard in the court. It is our Uncle!"

"There you are, found at last," said the good man, throwing himself into an arm-chair. "Is it thus one should quit his relations, his friends, his mistress, to bury himself in the woods? I have learned of your pranks, of your little flirtations at the opera ball."

"How! my uncle, you know—"

"I know all, but I pardon you. Learn that the charming unknown, with whom yoo are so much in love, is no other than Madame de Faventine."

"Heavens! Can it be possible?"

"Oh! very possible and to convince you of it you will hear it from her mouth, for she has come with me."

"How! She will be here? No! never; I can never see her again. Know, uncle, all my misfortune, if it can be so called, to love and to be loved. I have formed a new attachment; I renounce fortune, graces wit; I espouse candor, artlessness, beauty. My part is taken, and nothing can turn me from it; so, for pity's sake, my dear uncle, save Madame de Faventine a humiliation she has so little merited."

"Useless prayers! You shall see her, you shall speak to her, and you shall learn it from herself, if you have the courage. But here she is."

At these words the door is opened, Madame de Faventine appears, and what is the astonishment of the happy D'Orville when he rocognizes in her his charming villager!

Penetrated with love and joy, he throws himself at her feet.

"What!" says he, "is it you, is it you, Madame? you, my lovely unknown! You, my dear Babet! What name must I finally give you?"

"Your own," answered she, bidding him rise.

How the Hon. Wm. H. Seward Paddled His Own Canoe.

Judge S. gave his son a thousand dollars to go to college and graduate with. The son returned at the end of the Freshman year without a dollar and with several ugly habits. About the close of the vacation, the Judge said to his son, "Well, William, are you going to college this year?"

"Have no money, father."

"But I gave you a thousand dollars to graduate on."

"It's all gone father."

"Very well, my son; it was all I could give you. You can stay here; you must now pay your own way in the world."

A new light broke in upon the vision of the astonished young man. He accommodated himself to the situation, left home, made his way to college, graduated at the head of his class, studied law, became Governor of the State of New York, entered the Cabinet of the President of the United States, and has made a record for himself that will not soon die, being none other than William H. Seward.

THE Pall Mall *Gazette* mentions the recurrence of an extraordinary phenomenon recorded by Herodotus as having been observed in remote times by the tribes inhabiting the shores of the Caspian Sea. That huge salt lake is dotted with islands, from which enormous quantities of naptha are yearly taken. Early last month, owing to subterranean disturbances, the naptha wells on these islands overflowed, and the inflammable substance spread over the entire surface of the lake. It accidentally took fire, and for forty-eight hours burned furiously over a surface of many thousands of square miles, presenting a magnificent and terrifying spectacle to the inhabitants of the surrounding country, who imagined the end of the world was at hand. The fish in the lake were entirely destroyed, and for miles around vegetation was parched and the country made like a desert.

To One Who Will Understand.

"Say something to comfort you for the loss of your little one." This is what you asked of me. Nothing I could say *now*, my friend, would comfort you, because you are stunned, and must have time to lift your head and look about you. *Then* you will see myriads of little graves besides your own darling's, and myriads of mothers who have passed through the same Gethsemane. where you are now weeping tears of blood. Each of those mothers has cried like yourself, "What sorrow was ever equal to my sorrow?" What is that to me? you ask. Listen. Many of these mothers are now thanking God every day of their lives, that their little ones are safe from the fearful earthly storms that have since come with desolating sweep over their hearthstones. Humbly they say, "Ah! I little knew, though my Maker did, when he folded my baby safely to His protecting breast, what was in the future." Well, some day *you* too will cease to weep—grow unselfish—reaching forth further each day your supplicating hands towards that heavenly home where there shall be "no more death." Having your treasure there, there will be your heart also. Said a sweet young mother to me, "once I used to cry always at twilight, that I must some day die. Now that my baby has gone, death has no terrors for me, for there I shall be happy with her again—and forever."

Let those who can, rob her of this her beautiful faith. When the sun shines only on the graves wept over by *others*, they can stand erect and say, "This world is good enough for me. I don't want any better." But see, if with the first falling clod on some dear, cold, still breast, "*My* God" will not come as involuntarily to their lips as "Mother!" to the little child's, when pain overtakes it away from her protecting side.

The shining lock, the little shoe—my friend, it is long years since I shed a tear over mine—I can take them out of their wrappings in my hand, and smile to think that I am so far on my journey that I shall soon see my little one face to face. *Whether she or I will be the child* when we meet again, God only knows; or what heavenly mysteries I shall learn, kneeling at my baby's feet, I cannot tell; but this I do know, by the kisses I have given many a little face since she died, for *her* dear sake, that a mother's love was meant to reach far beyond the grave.

FANNY FERN.

—*New York Ledger.*

The Age of Our Earth.

Among the astounding discoveries of science, is that of the immense periods that have passed in the gradual formation of the earth. So vast were the cycles of the time preceding even the appearance of man on the surface of our globe, that our own period seems as yesterday when compared with the epochs that have gone before it. Had we only the evidence of the deposits of rocks heaped on each other in regular strata by the slow accumulation of materials, they alone would convince us of the long and slow maturing of God's work on earth; but when we add to these the successive populations of whose life the world has been the theater, and whose remains are hidden in the rocks into which the mud, or sand, or soil of whatever kind on which they lived, has hardened in the course of time—or the enormous chains of mountains whose upheaval divided these periods of quiet accumulation by great convulsions—or the changes of a different nature in the configurations of our globe, as the sinking of the lands beneath the ocean, or the gradual rising of continents and islands above—or the slow growths of the coral reefs, those wounderful sea walls raised by the little ocean architects, whose own bodies furnish both the building stones and the cement that binds them together, and who worked so busily during the long centuries that there are extensive countries, mountain chains, islands, and long lines of coast, consisting solely of their remains—or the countless forests that have grown up, flourished and decayed, to fill the storehouse of coal that feeds the fires of the human race—if we consider all these records of the past, the intellect fails to grasp a chronology of which our experience furnishes no data, and time that lies behind us seems as much an eternity to our conception as the future that stretches indefinitely before us.—*Agassiz.*

A RECENT DISCOVERY in the Department de la Dordogne, France, of human skeletons coeval with the mammoths and undeniably appertaining to the earliest quaternary period presents features of such unusual interest that the French government have sent M. Lartet, palæontologist, to make a report on the subject. He reports that the bones of five skeletons have been discovered, and that they belong to some gigantic race whose limbs, both in size and form, must have resembled those of the gorilla. But the simian organ of man must not be inferred from these analogies, as the skulls, of which only three are perfect, afford testimony fatal to this theory, having evidently contained very voluminous brains. The skulls are now in the hands of a committee of savants, who are preparing an exhaustive craniological report.

GERMAN SETTLEMENTS, it is reported, are about to be made in Palestine, under the guidance of Christopher Hoffman, founder of the "Community of the Temple." The colony is to be partly for industrial and partly for missionary purposes. The emigrants are selected by the "Committee of the Elders of the Temple," and are chosen on account of their fitness for missionary work, and not on account of their worldly means. Small communities, composed of a certain number of families, are to be sent to prescribed localities, and the expenses are to be paid by the society. Hoffman, the chief mover in this enterprise, has recently visited, where the American settlement sufferod such terrible calamities in 1866, but does not seem to be discouraged from carrying out his plan.

ARTIFICIAL EBONY.—Artificial ebony, now used to a considerable extent, is said to be prepared by taking sixty parts of seaweed charcoal, obtained by treating the seaweed for two hours in dilute sulphuric acid. then drying and grinding it, and adding to it ten parts of liquid glue, five parts gutta percha, and two and a half parts india rubber, the last two dissolved in naphtha; then adding ten parts of coal tar, five parts pulverized sulphur, two parts pulverized alum, and five parts of pulverized resin, and heating the mixture to about 300 degrees Fahrenheit. The imitation substance thus obtained is said to equal ebony in color, hardness, and capability of taking polish, while it can be furnished at a tithe of the cost of the genuine article.

GAS FIXTURES

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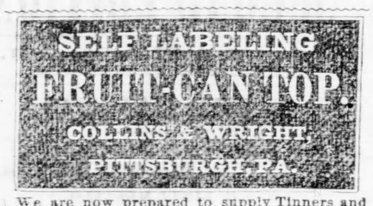

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing t. mh25

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WATER PIPES,
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A large assortment,
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HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
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THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
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A large stock of
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PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
FRIDAY, July 9, 1869. }

The metal market is quiet, and devoid of anything particularly new or important. The feeling generally is reported a little better than last week, though there is not much doing—demand continues rather light, but the arrivals are light, and the stocks are pretty well reduced both here and at the furnaces. Quite a number of Western furnaces are idle, and furnace owners do not seem disposed to carry any more stock than possible. In regard to prices there are no important changes.

The bar iron and nail trade is quiet, and, as always is the case at this season of the year, rather dull, and probably one-half of the mills have stopped, to take stock and make repairs. Hopes of a good fall trade are entertained.

ANTHRACITE.

10 tons	No. 1 Foundry		$43.50	4 mos
10 "	No. 1 "		43.75	4 mos
10 "	No. 1 "		44.00	4 mos
20 "	No. 1 "		42.50	4 mos
10 "	No. 2 "		41.50	4 mos
20 "	No. 3 "		40.00	4 mos
40	assd grey mottled and White Forge		37.50	6 mos
70	No. 3 grey neutral White Forge		38.50	4 mos
20 "	3 gray neutral White Forge		38.00	4 mos

210 tons.

COKE.

100 tons	Red Bank	$38.	6 mos

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

220 tons	No. 2 Mill Iron		$35,50	4 mos
500 "	Open Grey Forge		37,50	5 mos
100 "	" " "		37,50	4 mos
250 "	Medium Forge		37,00	6 mos
250 "	" "		37,00	6 mos
500 "	" "		37,00	6 mos
300 "	Neutral mixed with Native		38,00	6 mos
200 "	Neutral mixed with Native		38,00	6 mos
100 "	Close Grey Forge		35,50	60 ds

BLOOMS.

20 tons	Juniata	$95.00	6 mos
10 "	"	95.00	6 mos
11 "	Inferior	80.00	4 mos

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Ashes; pots steady at $7,37@7,62; pearls dull. Cotton dull and fully ¼c lower, with sales 600 bales at 34¼c for uplands. Flour—receipts 8,012 bbls; market 10@15c better, with sales 13,000 bbls at $5,20@5,65 for superfine State and western, $6,55@7 for extra State, $6,20@7 for extra western, $7@7,30 for choice white wheat extra, $6,50@7,10 for round hoop Ohio, $7@7,50 for extra St. Louis, and $8@10 for choice do; closing quiet, with scarcely so much firmness; included in the sales were 1,000 bbls choice extra State, to arrive soon, at $7. California Flour firmer, with sales 5,000 barrels at $6,50@9. Oregon Flour quiet at $8,20@9,50; sales of 23,000 barrels at $4@6,30. Whiskey firmer; sales of 300 barrels of western at $1,02@1,02½ free. Grain receipts—Wheat, 13,000 bushels. Wheat 3@5c better, but in consequence of cable dispatches quoting firmer, and weather and declining prices, the market here closed dull and the advance was lost; sales of 85,000 bushels at $1,54@1,58 for No. 2 spring, the latter price paid for choice to arrive; $1,59@1,60 for No. 1 do., $1,61 for white State, $1,70 for white, California, $2 for new white southern. Rye scarce and quiet; sales of 2,500 bushels of western at $1,30. Barley dull and nominal. Barley Malt dull; sales of 1,500 bushels of rye malt at $1,25. Corn; receipts of 88,960 bushs; the market is 3@4c better, with a strong speculative demand; sales of 123,000 bushs at 73@95c for new mixed western via canal; 92@97c do. via railroad; 98c for high mixed nearly yellow, and 94c for white western. Oats; receipts of 6,000 bushs; the market is scarce and decidedly firmer, with sales of 26,000 bushs at 81½@82c for inferior to common western afloat. Coffee quiet, with sales of 300 bags Rio at private terms. Sugar quiet, with sales of 300 hhds Cuba at 11@11¾c. Spirits Turpentine quiet, at 42@42½c. Petroleum is firm, at 17c for crude, and 32½@33c for refined. Hops are unchanged at 8@15c for American. Linseed oil is steady at 99c@$1,02. Provisions—Pork quiet and firm, with sales of 450 bbls at $32@32,12½ for new mess, closing at $32 cash; $31,50 for old do; $26@27 for prime, and $28,50@29 for prime mess. Beef steady; sales of 340 bbls at $8@16 for new plain mess, $12@18 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef nominal at $20@25 for prime mess, $25@30 for India mess. Beef Hams quiet; sales of 125 bbls at $26@31,50. Cut Meats heavy; sales of 200 packages at 13½@14c. Shoulders quiet at 16@16½c. Hams middles firm. Lard unchanged; sales of 480 tierces at 16¼@19¼c for steam, 19¼@19¾c for kettle rendered. Butter quiet at 16@30c for Ohio, and 16@36c for State. Cheese heavy at 11@15½c.

Latest—Flour is scarcely so firm, and quiet. Wheat dull and nominally in buyers' favor. Rye firm at $1,30 for western. Oats scarce and firm at 83c for western afloat. Corn scarcely so firm at 92@95c for sound western mixed via canal and railroad. Pork quiet and nominally unchanged. Beef is dull at previous prices. Cut Meats dull and nominal. Bacon quiet and steady. Lard steady at 19¼@19½c for fair to prime steam. Eggs quiet and without change.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Demand for money fair; Exchange very firm but dull, with sales at par. Freights dull but steady with engagements at 3c for oats and 4c for corn to Buffalo. Flour in active demand, and prices 5@10c higher; sales of 5,500 bbls at $4,75 for spring superfine, $5,12½@6,25 for spring extras, $6,65@8,25 for red and white winter extras. Wheat active and excited with prices 3@3½c higher for No. 2, and 4c for No. 1; sales at $1,38@1,39 for No. 1 and $1,36@1,37¼ for No. 2; at the close there were sellers at $1,35½. In options the same grades sold at $1,35¼@1,37 seller July, and $1,31@1,35 seller August; after change the market was heavy at $1,33 for No. 2. Corn active and in demand by speculators; market excited and has advanced 2@2¼c per bush, closing at 81½c, No 2; No. 1 sold at 84c; No. 1 yellow at 85c; No. 2 at 79½@81½c, and no grade at 57c; canal corn afloat was scarce, and sales were confined to 1,000 bush rejected at 70½c; in the afternoon sales of No. 2 were made at 81c, buyer July; 80@81c, seller July; 79¾@82c, seller last half July; after change there were sales made of No. 2 at 79½@80c, sellers July, and 81c buyers July. Oats less active and easier; sales at 69@69¼c in options; 68½@71c was paid sellers for the month. Rye active and 2@3c higher for No. 1, closing at $1,09@1,10. Barley—no sales and the market nominal at $1,45 for No. 2 in store. Highwines dull but firm at 95@96c. Provisions dull and nominal for all descriptions of hog product, except dry salted shoulders, which were in request at 12½c. Mess nominal at $33. Lard 18@18¼c; sales 2,000 lbs clear bacon sides at 18½c packed in gunnies. Receipts—3,669 bbls flour, 53 835 bu wheat, 40,215 bu corn, 12,944 bu oats; 700 bu rye, 6,748 hogs. Shipments—5,283 bbls flour, 70,653 bu wheat, 46,601 bu corn, 20,731 bu oats, 970 bu rye, 4,395 hogs.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—Tobacco steady and unchanged. Nothing doing in Cotton. Hemp dull; undressed sold at $1,20@1,35. Flour firm for all qualities and the lower grades are scarce and 15@25c higher; supers and extras sold at $5@5,75; double extra $6@6.50; treble extra $7@7,25, and fancy $8,50@10,50. Wheat; spring and old fall higher; good No. 2 spring sold at $1.20; prime old fall $1,30@1,35; choice new $1,45, and choice old and fancy new $1,50. Corn in demand, higher and advancing; mixed in bulk sold at 78c; mixed in sacks 86c; yellow 87@87½c; choice white 95@96c; strictly choice and fancy held at $1 and upwards. Oats firmer and higher at 69@70c for mixed; 71@74c for white; latter held at the close at 73@75c. Rye advanced to $1,12½. Whisky—nothing done and held at 98@$1. Groceries steady and unchanged; 22@25c for good fair to choice Rio coffee; 12@14¼c for Louisiana sugar; 70@80c for plantation molasses. Provisions quiet and unchanged at $33,25 for heavy, and $33,50 for extra heavy pork on orders; 13¼c for dry salt shoulders; 14@14¼c for bacon shoulders; 18¼c for clear sides; 21c for canvass sugar cured hams. Lard dull and nominal at 19c for choice tierce. Receipts—flour 1,300 bbls, wheat 4,400 bu, corn 5,500 bu, oats 6,700 bu, rye 200 bu, hogs 100 head.

CINCINNATI, July 9.—Flour in fair demand and firm; family $5,80@6,10. Wheat scarce and firm at $1,30@1,35. Corn scarce and in demand at 73@75c. Oats firm at 70@73c. Rye dull at $1,10@1,15. Cotton quiet; middlings 33c. Tobacco active; sales of 226 hhds at $5,50@25,00; receipts large. Whisky firm at 95c. Mess Pork unchanged, with very little demand; it can be bought at $32,50, thought some ask 25c higher. Bulk Meats quiet and unchanged; shoulders 12¾c; sides 15¾c; no sales; the latter were offered at 15¾c, packed. Bacon nominally unchanged; shoulders 14c; sides 17c; clear rib 17½, and clear sides 17⅞@18c. Lard nominally 19c. Butter steady 24@28c. Eggs 17@18c. Cheese 14@16c. Groceries unchanged and quiet. Gold 135¼ buying.

TOLEDO, July 9.—Flour firm but quiet. Wheat 3c better, active and firm, at $1,45 for No. 1; $1,73 for white Michigan; $1,30 for No. 2 amber; $1,42 for No. 1 red; $1,38@1,39 for No. 2 red, and $1,45 for white Wabash. Corn is 4@5c better, active and in speculative demand, with sales of No. 1 on spot at 86c, and 87@87½c buyer for July; No. 2 on spot at 81c, seller for July. Oats a shade better and active, with sales of Michigan at 71c, No. 1 at 70½c, and No. 2 at 68¼c. Rye is in light supply, with small lots offering at $1,07. Barley dull. Receipts—200 bbls flour, 7,600 bushels wheat, 10,200 bushels corn, and 900 bushels oats.

CLEVELAND, July 9.—The Flour market is firm, but steady and unchanged. Wheat firmer and 2c better with sales of No. 1 red winter at $1,40, No. 2 do. at $1,30; there is no spring wheat offering. Corn is very firm and better: sales of No. 1 mixed at 82c, No. 2 do. at 79@80c. Oats better and in demand; 72c offered for No. 1 State and held at 74@75c. Rye dull and nominal. In Barley there is no inquiry, and the market is nominal. The Petroleum market is dull, but holders are firmer; refined held at 28½@29c for July and August, crude held at $6,50.

OSWEGO, July 9.—Flour advanced 25@50c; sales of 1,600 barrels at $7@7,25 for No 1 spring, $7,50@7,75 for amber winter, $8,25@8,50 for winter, $9@9,25 for double extra. Wheat advanced; sales of 13,000 bushels of prime white Canada at $1,90, No. 1 Milwaukee Club held at $1,53 to arrive. Corn firm and better; sales of 8,000 bushels of No. 2 at 84, and 9,200 bushels of No. 1 at 85, and 7,500 bushels of white Illinois at 86. Cornmeal at $1,75 per cwt. Mill Feed in good demand; Shorts at $18@20; Ship Stuffs $20@23; Middlings $25@28 per ton.

MILWAUKEE, July 9.—Flour nominally unchanged. Wheat unsettled at $1,37 for No. 1, $1,33 for No. 2. Oats higher at 71 for No. 2. Corn firm 76 for No. 2. Rye nominal. Grain Freights nominally unchanged. The receipts for the past twenty-four hours amounted to 2,000 barrels of flour, 57,000 bushels of wheat, 20,000 bushels of oats. The shipments for the same time were 3,000 barrels of flour, 47,000 bushels of wheat.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—Flour firmer and in fair demand; superfine $5@5,25; extra $5,50@5,75; spring wheat extra family $6@6,70; Ohio & Indiana $7@7,80; fancy $9@10,50. Wheat comes in slowly; red $1,40@1,50; old $1,50@1,60; new red and amber white $1,65@1,75. Rye steady at $1,33. Corn advanced 1c; yellow 99c; mixed western 91@97c. Oats steady; Pennsylvania and western 76@78c. Petroleum unchanged. Whiskey firmer at $1@1,05.

BALTIMORE, July 9 —Flour unchanged and low grades very firm. Wheat lower; prime to choice red $1,45@1,60; lower grades $1,35@1,40. Corn—white advanced, sales at $1,02@1,04; yellow 95c. Oats dull at 70@75c for the best. Mess pork quiet at $34. Bacon firm. Rib sides 18c. Clear rib 18¼@18½c. Shoulders 15c. Hams 22c. Lard dull at 19½@20c. Whisky firm at $1,00@1,02.

LOUISVILLE, July 9.—Cotton firm at 32c. Grain, Flour and Groceries quiet and unchanged. Leaf tobacco active; sales 199 hhds at $5@16. Provisions very strong and a better feeling. Mess pork $33. Bacon—shoulders 14½c; clear ribs 18c; clear sides 18¼c; hams 20c. Lard—tierce 19½c. Whisky—raw advanced to 95c.

MEMPHIS, July 9.—Cotton quiet and firm at 32½c; receipts 56 bales; exports 63; week's receipts 240; exports 586; stock 845. Flour steady at $5,25@5,75. Wheat; new $1,10@1,50. Corn 90@92c. Oats 80c. Hay $25@27. Bran $22. Corn meal $4,25. Pork $34. Lard 19¼@20½c. Bacon steady; shoulders 14¾c; sides 18½c.

DETROIT, July 9.—Flour; demand moderate for choice at $7,00@8,00. Wheat scarce with a moderate demand for extra white at $1,80; for No. 1 do. $1,63@1,65; No. 2 do. $1,36@1,37; No. 1 amber $1,40@1,42. Oats 70c. Bran $15. Middlings $20,00; fine $25.

Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Cattle; receipts 3,000 head, making 5,900 for the week; there was a surplus of thin stock to-day, some lots holding over; some Texans only brought 12½c; the decline on thin lots is ¼@½c, but fat cattle are unchanged and all sold; market closed weak. Sheep—arrivals 3,000 head; the market is unchanged, good lots selling quiet at 5@5¾@6¼c, while very poor are selling at even 4@5c. Lambs are scarce and wanted; they brought 9@12¼c to-day, some of 51 pounds selling at 9½c: a car of State Lambs, 52 lbs, 11½c, with some Jerseys at 12c, and a few extras at 12@12½c. Only 600 hogs came in to-day, sellers at Chicago objecting to the rates which the combination have agreed upon. Persons outside of the ring are obliged to take such prices here as the ring will offer. They cannot even slaughter the hogs and sell them dressed, the combination controlling the slaughter establishments.

CHICAGO, July 9.—Cattle quiet and prices in favor of buyers, with sales at $4,25@5,50 for cows, $6,00@6,62½ for fair to medium, $7,10 to 7,40 for good to choice, and $7,60 for extra. Hogs quiet with sales at $8,25 for light, $8,40@8,62½ for fair to medium, $8,75@9,25 for good to choice.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—Cattle unchanged at 3½@6½c. Hogs are better at $7,75@9,50.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 9.—Dry Goods market quiet, but steady and firm for staple Cotton goods. Heavy Sheetings in brown range in price from 15½ to 17c, as to make; Golden Ridge 13c; Indian Orchard BB 13c; Massachusetts J 12½c; Nashua R 15c; Pepperell N 12½c; do. Q 13½c. Bleached Cottons without change; Pepperell Jeans 17c; Bates do. 13c Prints are a little irregular and vary in price from 12½ to 13½c for standard makes.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 9.—400 bbls flour, owner; 3 pkgs grease, 1 do lard, W H Graff & Co; 24 bxs cheese, Smith, Johnston & Co; 25 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 15 do do, Jas Connor; 10 do do, J J Pettit; 20 do do, E Heazleton; 14 do do, A & J Kerr; 30 do do, Watt, Lang & Co; 30 do do, M W Rankin; 1 car shingles, Slack & Sholes; 1 bbl whisky, A Trautman; 3 bbls eggs, Kappahen & Geblen; 3 bdls hides, G N Hoffstott; 100 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 2 bbls eggs, Woodworth & Davison; 4 cars corn, O H Allerton; 500 pigs lead, T H Nevin & Co; 500 do do, Fahnestock, H & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 9.—50 bbls oil, D Bly & Co: 11 bbls green apples, W C Armstrong; 2 bbls eggs, Robt Peet; 40 bbls rosin, Strong & Wetzel; 4 bxs cheese, J A Graff; 6 cars blooms, Nimick & Co; 100 bbls lime, Campbell, Jones & Co; 6 bxs sugar, Chas Aull; 25 bxs starch, Strickler & Morlege; 50 bbls oil, John Spear; 39 bbls flour, Shomaker & Langenheim; 1 car oats, Graham & Marshall.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 9.—1,280 bbls oil, Fisher Bro; 160 do do, Jas. Wilkins; 480 do do, Parker Thompson & Co; 320 do do, Pool Bro; 30 bbls residium, Patterson & Niehouse; 600 cases refined oil, Livingston Bro; 3 cars metal, McKnight, Porter & Co; 1 do do, John Moorhead; 1 do do, H Woodsides; 1 do do, Rees, Graff & Dull; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds,

PITTSBURGH CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, July 9.—5 bbls eggs, J A Graff; 10 firkins butter, J H Graff; 3 bbls eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 200 do flour, Jas Gardner; 6 hhds tobacco, M Heyl; 25 bbls highwines, J Adler & Co; 25 do do, McKay & Co; 2 cars staves, M P Adams; 1 do shipstuff, Kiel & R; 10 bags feathers, G A Martin.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 9.—15 bdls hides, Groetzinger & Son; 1 car lime, J Abdell; 1 car cooperage, J M Hemphill; 1 do do, Ralya & R; 6 do limestone, 8 do iron ore, Superior Iron Co; 2 do wheat, H H Umble; 100 bbls lime, Geo Stewart; 1 car lumber, C C Boyle.

RIVER NEWS.

There must have been a perfect deluge at the head waters of the Allegheny on Thursday night as telegrams from Oil City reported six feet at that place yesterday. We also had heavy rains at the same time, and it is probable that there will be another coal boat rise within the next twenty-four hours. This has been a remarkable summer for water; there has been plenty of water all along, and here now, nearly the middle of July, and a coal boat rise expected. The weather yesterday was cloudy and warm with every apperance of more rain. Mercury at 4 P. M. 86.

The Glendale, Capt. J. M. Hare, is announced to leave for St. Louis to-day, and passengers and shippers should bear this in mind.

The Hawkeye arrived at St. Louis on Wednesday and the Glasgow left there the same day for Pittsburgh.

The Kenton and New State are the only arrivals and departures we have to report.

The Lorena, from St. Louis, is among the first boats due.

Capt. D. S. H. Gilmore, has retired from the office of the Kenton, and is succeeded by Major Stratton.

Upon reaching Wheeling, Capt. Muhleman will relinquish command of the New State, and will at once proceed to Cincinnati to look after the Major Anderson. The Anderson has been in the Cincinnati and Louisville Mail Line ever since the America and United States disaster.

There is a letter at the office of Flack & Collingwood, for Capt. Jas. F. Keniston of Cincinnati.

The hull for Capt. Jas. O'Niel's new towboat arrived here on Thursday.

The Kate Putnam did not get off for Cincinnati and Louisville yesterday, as expected, but will positively take her departure to day.

—The Armadillo will soon load at Cincinnati for New Orleans.

—The Great Republic left New Orleans for Pittsburgh on Tuesday.

—The Tom Farrow and Mary Davage were at Cairo on Wednesday. The Davage had three barges of ore.

—Major Jas. H. Stratton has taken charge of the office of the Portsmouth and Pittsburgh packet Kenton.

—Charlie Schultze has become sole owner of the Virginia, lying at Memphis, and will have her towed to Louisville for repairs.

—The Wabash river was rising on Monday, and doing some damage to the corn in the low lands. It was not apprehended that the rise would cause very serious injury.

—The project of bringing an ocean steamer from New York to St. Louis has been abandoned for the present, the terms not meeting the views of St. Louis merchants.

—Tobacco is now being shipped by "all rail" from Clarksville to New Orleans, at 41½c per 100. Steamers carry it at $5,50 per hhd. The light hogsheads go by rail, and the heavy ones by river.

—The ferryboat at Carondelet, Missouri, six miles below St. Louis, owned by John Fletcher, of St. Louis, was destroyed by fire Monday night. Loss $10,000; insured to the amount of $5,000 in the home companies.

—The Arkansas river is higher at Little Rock and above that it has been since 1867, and is now stationary, with its banks full. Considerable damage has been done to crops on the lower lands, and much apprehension exists regarding the country on the lower Arkansas, wich is expected soon to be partially overflowed from backwaters of the Mssissippi.

—The Underwriter No. 1, burnt at Cairo, Tuesday evening, was built at Cincinnati four years ago at a cost of $68,000, and belonged to the Underwriters of that city. They had but recently put $9,000 of expense on her, in the way of improvements and repairs. The Submarine armor, alone, which was on board, and probably destroyed, cost $1,600. The boat was not insured.

—The Cincinnati *Gazette* gives the following additional particulars in regard to the burning of the Louisiana: She was the lagest stern-wheel steamer afloat, except one—the Louisville, her twin sister—and built here 3½ years ago at a cost of $76,000, She was 203 feet long, over all, with 40 feet beam, and a depth of hold of 7 feet 10 inches. On her last trip down the river she had 1,150 tuns a board, and was loaded to her full capacity. At the time of her destruction she was valued at $40,000, and in Cincinnati offices for 30,000, as follows: Central, $3,000; Commercial, $3,000; Magnolia, $3,000; Firemen's, $3,000; American, $3,000; Eureka, $3,000; Crescent, $3,000: Home, of New Haven, $3,000; Ohio Valley, $4,000; Farmers and Mechanics', $2,000. Of the above amounts the Crescent had $1,500 reinsured in the National, and $500 inthe Burnet, and the Firemen's had $500 reinsured in the Burnet. We believe David Gibson was the principal owner of the Louisiana. Captain Benj. Davidson was at one time largely interested in her.

RIVER PACKETS.

LOUISVILLE.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.—The fine passenger steamer

KATE PUTNAM.....Capt. G. W. REED.

Will leave as above THIS DAY, the 10th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
jy7 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL—The steamer

GLENDALE.....Capt. JOHN M. HARE.

Will leave for the above ports THIS DAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents
or CHAS. BARNES, Agent.

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PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS,

GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by
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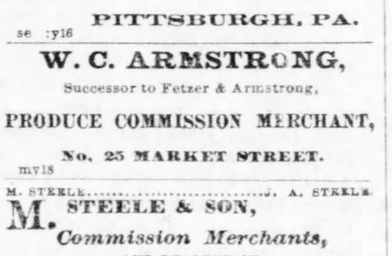
MISCELLANEOUS.



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OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, }
PITTSBURGH, July 3, 1869. }

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving FOSTER'S ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 14, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

jy5 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, }
Pittsburgh, July 1st, 1869. }

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Boundary and Laurel streets is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, July 12th, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
jy1:l28 City Engineer.

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THE IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Of Pennsylvania.

Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.

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my29:j98-8TTH

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RAILROADS.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R. From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.		*Arrive.*	
Chicago Ex	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex	1:58 a m
Erie & Y'gn Ex	7:28 a m	Chicago Ex	10:03 p m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail	6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex	9:43 a m	Chi'go Ex & M'l	4:08 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p m
Chicago Ex	2:23 p m	Erie & Y'gn Ex	5:58 p m
W'e & Erie Ex	4:38 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	6:53 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		*Arrive in Allegheny.*	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	8:58 a m	Leetsdale Ac.	6:58 a m
Leetsdale "	10:03 a m	Bea'r Falls "	8:38 a m
" "	11:58 a m	New Castle "	10:23 a m
Rochester "	1:28

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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SATURDAY, JULY 10, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JOHN W. GEARY.
SUPREME JUDGE,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK.
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
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CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, My Uncle's Romance, an Interesting Story, Miscellaneous. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: Interesting General Miscellany of Reading Matter.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86⅞.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 135⅝.

GOV. GEARY has signed the bill creating a Board of Directors of Philadelphia City Trusts.

RUSSIA is somewhat alarmed at the number of iron-clads Prussia has been steadily adding to her well organized navy, thus securing the actual and undisputed claim to the supremacy of the Baltic sea.

THE ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH in the United Kingdom has been taken into the possession of the Government, and made a part of the British postal service. The cost of this measure of public policy was about $3,500,000.

NEW HAMPSHIRE has refused to make nine per cent. the legal rate of interest in that State, and has levied a tax of one per cent. on the business transacted within her boundaries by foreign or outside insurance companies.

THE candidates for the vacant throne of Spain are the Duke of Montpensier, the ex-King of Portugal, Prince Henri of Bourbon, the Duke of Aosta, the Duke of Genoa, and the Prince of Asturias, with the odds in favor of the lattter.

CHICAGO plumes herself on having supplied New York with the Ocean Bank robber and Virginia with WALKER, the successful candidate for Governor. Indeed, it is safe to believe that Chicago is everywhere well represented—except, of course, in heaven.

AT RICHMOND, Indiana, a lively war is being waged against tavern keepers by the friends of temperance allied to the the City Councils. On Wednesday last the latter body advanced the annual license fee from fifty dollars per year to ten times that amount, and came very near making it one thousand dollars. This large tax is in addition to one of fifty dollars imposed by the State authorities, so that it will be unprofitable in Richmond to traffic in rum.

THE continued resistance offered by the House of Lords to the bill for the disestablishment of the Irish Church causes an intense feeling throughout the Kingdom. Unless the Peers abandon their position, the House will be "swamped" by the creation of such an additional number of Lords as will secure a majority for the bill. This extreme measure, although often threatened by Ministers in sympathy with the Commons and with popular feeling, has been but once resorted to in the late English history. The bare menace has usually sufficed to overawe the Upper House, which wisely prefers the surrender of its objections to a pending proposition, rather than to encounter a popular movement which might forever expunge hereditary right from the English Parliament.

A COMMERCIAL NEGOTIATION.

The Washington *Examiner* charges that friends of Mr. RUTAN, the Republican nominee for the Senate in the Beaver and Washington district, purchased his nomination from the Conferees, whose long session in this city attracted so much attention. It is stated, on the same authority, that proposals were first made to Mr. McCRACKEN, who was the Washington candidate for the same nomination, to buy him off, the offers at last swelling to the high figure of $8,500. When these overtures were rejected, it is said that the attack was more successfully made from another quarter, one of the Washington county delegates selling out McCRACKEN for $3,000. This delegate, whose name we have from other sources, has, it is said, since gone to Kansas with the money.

We would like to disbelieve this remarkable statement, especially since the negotiation is charged by the *Examiner* to have been conducted by Mr. QUAY, of Beaver—the gentleman who figured in the Philadelphia Convention as the friend of Legislative integrity and of political reforms, being selected by his friend, the editor of the *Commercial*, as the most proper gentleman to offer the celebrated but hapless resolution on that subject which the Convention laid under the table. We repeat that it is very unpleasant to entertain the present accusation against one of the *Commercial's* favorites and friends, and it becomes still more painful to us to reflect that Mr. QUAY, as editor of a Beaver newspaper, has been loud, from week to week, in his commendations upon the course of the *Commercial* in its championship of public integrity! If these immaculate devotees to public purity are doing business privately in the fashion which the *Examiner* has exposed, buying up delegates with cash and paying round sums for political treacheries, it is going to knock end-ways all our generous and unsuspecting confidence in their sincerity and disinterestedness.

No! We prefer not to believe the story. There is some mistake somewhere! Can't be possible that any high-minded politician of the *Commercial* school has been engaged in any such dirty business! It must all be a weak invention of the enemy! Indeed, we should be reluctant to print the story at all, had not the *Commercial* of yesterday expressed an anxiety to hear the particulars of the allegations. We hope it will find the exposure satisfactory.

It is due to Mr. RUTAN, to Mr. McCRACKEN, and to the Republican masses of that Senatorial district, that these allegations should receive the immediate attention of their Executive Committees. We are therefore gratified to learn that the investigation is to be prosecuted at once.

REPUBLICANISM AT THE SOUTH.

The Virginia election has resulted so satisfactorily to the Democracy, that they are clamorous for the designation of early dates for the elections in Mississippi and Texas, when they will anticipate the same success. We see no reason why their desires should not be gratified with a trial. In any event, the three States will be organized under Constitutions, not only far more Republican than they had before, but in fact really quite up to the advanced enlightenment of the times. They will all ratify the XVth Article, no matter what party may control the local legislatures, and, under the Constitution of which that Article shall be a part they must, and will forever continue to be States republican in form, and in fact, cling as fondly as they may to Democratic politics. We find no objection on that score to their earliest possible reconstruction, and would not delay it for a day. The reorganized States are all bound to make a trial of Democracy, and with the open aid of the colored vote. The sooner they begin it the earlier they will be through with it. Nothing is more certain than the temporary diversion of the colored vote from Republicanism, except its ultimate return to the political associations to which all the personal and political liberty of the freedmen is due. It would be as unwise to attempt to stem the outward current now, as it would be short-sighted to despair of its certain and irresistible reflux. For the present and perhaps for years. Republicanism must gird itself up to fight battles and win the victories of the Union in these Northern and always loyal States. We need only to be true to the same principles of liberty and justice, for which we have in the eight past years conquered so much, to be justly confident of fresh triumphs, although against heavier odds. Republican prospects may look dark for a year or two, but in 1872 we shall again sweep the broad field of the Union from the St. Lawrence to the Gulf.

WHAT WILL NAPOLEON DO!

French politics have reached a crisis. It is reported that the Emperor is about to yield to the demands of liberal opinion, abandoning the arbitrary power which he has steadily exercised heretofore, and in fact restoring to France that constitutional government which has ever been the shadowy theory of the Empire. He accepts a responsible ministry which is to find its or in the legislative enactments ex of the popular will. This means another revolution, and if inaugurated without a bloody struggle, it will be a miracle for France. It will signify his concessions to his own dynastic hopes, and his reluctance, increasing with years and infirmities, to repress the national preferences with military power. A peaceful *coup d' etat*, in the interests of an Empire of liberty, the most remarkable event in the annals of French politics, it will satisfy the world that NAPOLEON III in '69 is not the LOUIS NAPOLEON who, nineteen years ago, made his way through a bloody sea of crime to the despotic eminence which the empire has since maintained. The man has wonderfully changed—or the event is not yet a certainty. The NAPOLEON of '52 would surprise Paris, which still means France, with a bayonet at every throat to-morrow morning, the Chambers under arrest, and every journal suspended, and a crushed and trembling people under his feet. It is an older, a weaker, but perhaps a wiser monarch, who now respects these national demands which he is unwilling to resist. Without incredulity, we prefer to await the event.

THE RIOTS and disturbances so regularly reported from Ireland cannot have the effect of increasing the amount of sympathy felt, throughout the world, for Ireland and the Irish. They have always been known as a pugnacious people, and it is this national characteristic, as much as, if not more, than anything else, which has added so much glory to the Irish name, and so many famous cognomens to the army registers of almost every nation of christendom. Doubtless we have all laughed at Lever's heroes and the wonderful assurance with which they greeted the renowned persons of history, and the still more wonderful scrapes out of which they came so brilliantly. Yet when we remember the true histories of the O'Donnels, McMahons and many other distinguished military men of modern history, we must acknowledge that the Con Cregans and Arthur O'Learys of Lever are by no means such broad burlesques as we have been in the habit of considering them. It seems a pity, then, that this very characteristic, which has won for Ireland so much glory, should now bring it and its cause into disrepute, but we constantly hear of outrages, brawls, murders and other violations of the law being committed in Ireland by Fenians. Seeing so much of this sort of thing charged to this party, we might be led to believe that it is English policy to charge all such disturbances to the Fenian account, were it not that in our own country we see the same things. In any of the Irish wards of New York, where the belief in the doctrines of the Democratic party is almost universal, the Irishman who would vote the Republican ticket would do so at the imminent peril of his bones, or perhaps, even of his life. English tyranny cannot be urged in extenuation of such outrages, nor can American sympathy be induced by them; indeed, they are rather calculated to lead to the conclusion that, perhaps, Irish tyranny would be worse than English, if it should once have an opportunity to show itself in Erin herself. It is in speaking on this subject that one of our New York exchanges says:

> The telegraph informs us that the colored men in Virginia allowed their colored brethren to vote for Walker, the Conservative candidate, without molestation. The colored men of Virginia have shown themselves more tolerant American citizens than their white friends in the Sixth ward, Cherry street, or the "Hook." An Irishman who attempts to vote the Republican ticket in one of the strong Hibernian districts in this or any other city in the State, does so at the risk of a broken head or black eye. If the colored men of the South continue to exhibit such eminent qualifications of citizenship, they will be likely to make some intelligent white men ashamed of themselves.

NOW THAT the Fourth of July has come and gone, it may be well to consider how we have been in the habit of celebrating it. The nation's birthday has for years been looked upon as a day of license, and we are always certain to find, in the newspapers of the day following, long lists of murders, fires, fights, and other casualties which have occurred throughout the country. Abroad, persons opposed to republicanism have been accustomed to urge, as a great objection to it, the prevalence of lawlessness and misrule under that form of government, and the way in which Independence day is celebrated in this country is regarded as a strong argument in their favor. America has proved that generally the people can govern themselves with a degree of prosperity hardly attainable under any other political system, but this one day of rowdyism remains still as a reproach. We cannot believe that there is any reason why we should not keep the Fourth of July as we do any other holiday, quietly, peaceably and in a manner which would not oblige quiet people to shut themselves up in their houses, armed with fire extinguishers until it is over. Undoubtedly the police should be quite as capable of preventing crimes and disturbances on that day as upon any other, if public opinion was not supposed to countenance them, and as to the fire works, crackers, etc., it might be cruel to the rising generation to suppress their use, but in a few years they would forget that they had ever been indulged in, and consequently would no longer miss them. In England the celebration of Guy Fawkes' day in a similar manner has been abolished, and we have heard of no ill effects in consequence to the youth of that country. In fact boys and girls get along very well all the rest of the year without burning powder, and manage to enjoy themselves quite as well as on the glorious Fourth with all its explosiveness. If a small fraction of the money spent in this noise and destructiveness were assessed as a tax to be expended by the city on fire works, we would have a much more beautiful and enjoyable display at some place, so chosen as not to endanger the property of citizens, and the number of lamentable accidents now noted would be enormously decreased. The question is an important one and deserves general consideration.

A RAILWAY obstruction prevents the expected receipt of yesterday's Titusville *Herald*, with its monthly oil report. The following figures therefrom have, however, came to hand by telegraph:

Daily production June,	1869	10,067 bbls.
" " "	1868	10,102 "
Decrease in '69		35 "
Stock on hand in oil regions July 1, 1869		309 000 "
Decrease from June 1, '69		86,000 "

The daily production for June foots up about 100 bbls less than for the preceding month of May. The fact that our oil fields are rapidly becoming exhausted of their valuable deposits of petroleum becomes more apparent every day. The region has been thoroughly developed and capital has been slow to wander outside a limited tract of territory in the hope of meeting with paying success elsewhere. Old wells have been pumped dry, yielding daily, and weekly and monthly, regularly, so long as the supply lasted, but they had to give out for want of replenishment from the mysterious sources of Nature, which originally tanked in the bowels of the earth such immense but not inexhaustible quantities of the valuable fluid. The problem is solved that petroleum wells cannot last forever, and that whole fields and districts can be pumped dry sooner or later. But there must be other regions equally well blessed with deposits of oil beneath the surface as those now exhausting, which will not long remain undiscovered if operators are forced to find new sources of supply to meet the great demand created for petroleum since its general introduction into the markets of the world. The class of business men engaged in producing and developing as a legitimate business will not be long in discovering where next they can operate to best advantage.

MR. McGRATH, and certain of his Democratic friends, made up a legislative slate for Philadelphia and successfully carried it through the nominating Convention. The material on the ticket was found so poor and rotten that many honest and intelligent Democrats squarely refused to vote it, and threatened to bolt outright from the party. Not frightened, however, at this expression of dissatisfaction, the same tricksters who had made the odious slate, have set about to bring good from what those less designing and more honest would have expected to derive inevitable defeat. They at once set up the shout of reform in politics and engineered a movement for the nomination of a Peoples' Ticket, on which none but good and true men, without distinction of party, will find place. The hypocrisy of this is clearly apparent. While advising the candidates they have already put forward to hold firm to their places, they expect to draw off from the Republican ranks three votes to every one Democrat who will fly the ticket, and thus they hope to secure the election of the original slate. The game will not win. The Republicans are not so dull of comprehension as to be caught by such trickery into helping secure the success of a ticket offensive and unworthy to an extreme. On the contrary, they will stand to their own party and elect their own ticket, keeping clearly aloof from all combinations made for no higher purpose than to ensure the triumphs of men eminently corrupt and dishonest.

IN 1863, when the Democratic party stood solidly for peace, and were preparing to pronounce the war for the maintenance of the Government a failure, Gen. ROSECRANS, from the tented field, wrote thus:

> "Wherever they (the rebels) have the power they drive before them into their ranks the Southern people, and they would also drive us. Trust them not. Were they able, they would invade and destroy us without mercy. Absolutely assured of these things, I am amazed that any one could think of peace on any terms. He who entertains the sentiment is fit only to be a slave; he who utters it at this time is moreover a traitor to his country, who deserves the scorn and contempt of all honorable men."

The author of these stirring words drew down upon his head the wrath of the Democracy, and his letter was denounced with a will and wickedness by the press of that party. After the lapse of several years, however, it has purposely been forgotten and ROSECRANS has been honored with the nomination for Governor by the Ohio Democracy, who exactly corresponded during the war with those who deserved "the scorn and contempt of all honorable men" and who were "traitors to their country" and "only fit to be slaves." Perhaps the Democratic party has changed since then in its ideas, but has ROSECRANS?

A FRENCH DOCTOR has discovered that turpentine is a sure antidote to phosphorus, and he commends this discovery most especially to parents whose children have been sucking lucifer matches. It appears that in more than twenty cases of this kind he has employed turpentine (one teaspoonful neat) successfully, and his report on the subject of these cures has been favorably received by the Academy of Medicine.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate* thinks the vote on Lay Delegation may possibly reach two hundred and fifty thousand to three hundred thousand, while the majority for Lay Delegation will exceed fifty thousand, and may reach one hundred thousand. This vote is large, though it may not appear so to some, in view of the membership of that body. It well says: The change is quietly effecting a revolution in the Church; the ministry preparing to effect the change, if the Laymen should ask for it; the laymen without violent discussion requesting it; and so the change being insured. Never before has the world witnessed such a spectacle. It reports 80,000 votes, about 58,000 *for* to 22,000 *against*.

The General Moravian Synod is discussing the advisibility of electing ministers by lot.

The *Christian Instructor*, an organ of the United Presbyterian Church, takes the ground in favor of confining the Psalmody of the Church to the One Hundredth and Fifty Psalms exclusively, as the only clear ground that can be taken by those who maintain a Scriptural Psalmody.

The Rev. Dr. Hamilton, of Oakland, California, who was not long since dismissed from the Presbytery, because he taught that a man could repent and be forgiven after death, has an independent Presbyterial church, full to overflowing with those who agree with him in sentiment.

A plan of life insurance was laid before the Episcopal Convention of Connecticut, by which the parish should, by an annual payment of thirty dollars, insure the rector's life for two thousand dollars.

Bishop Long, senior Bishop of the Evangelical Association (Albright Methodist), died at Forreston, Illinois, Thursday week. He entered the ministry in 1822, and in 1843 was elevated to the Episcopate. When he began to preach there were less than two thousand members, now there are sixty-five thousand. There are two churches of this body in our city.

The *Presbyterian*, in the discussion of "Voluntaryism and the Church," holds that a person is bound to observe the obligations of church fellowship in preference to the meetings of any voluntary associations.

The Medical Society of the county of New York, at a recent meeting, adopted a resolution that "one day's rest from labor in seven is necessary for the health of the body and the mind."

The congregation of St. John's Methodist Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, not long since, after a sermon by the pastor, contributed the magnificent collection of *thirty thousand dollars*, to cancel the floating debt against the Church.

The appropriations of the American Board for this year amounts to $547,580. During the first nine months $284,665 have been received from the churches, leaving $262,834 to be raised by the close of August. This leaves a heavy sum to provide for in such a small space of time.

For some time the Friends in New England have been steadily decreasing in numbers; but the reports made at the Yearly Meeting at Newport, Rhode Island, show a slight increase. The interest manifested by the young men was very encouraging. The *Independent* says: "Cant about plain dress was frowned down."

The Young Men's Christian Associations of the United States and the British Provinces hold their annual meeting in Portland, Maine, beginning July 14th. Representatives are expected from all parts of the United States.

It is stated the Universalists have a member in Bristol, New York, who statedly gives to mission work one per cent. of his income.

Bishop Domenec, of the Pittsburgh Catholic Diocese, in accordance with the forty-eighth Degree of the last Plenary Council, to take a collection for the Pope annually, has fixed upon Sunday, (tomorrow) the 11th inst., as the time for the collection this year.

The indications are that the Southern portion of the membership of the Methodist Episcopal Church are more radical on the question of lay delegation than the Northern, as the vote is almost unanimous in the South in favor of the change.

According to the *Advance*, the proportion of Unitarian churches in Boston to Evangelical Congregational is now but three to two, while fifty years ago it was nine to two.

Three reasons are given by the *Illustrated Christian* as the secret of Rev. Mr. Hammond's success in revival work: First. Mr. Hammond has consecrated himself to the work of saving souls. He has presented himself a *living* sacrifice, and for this reason God owns him. Second. "Christ and his cross is all his theme." Every sermon presents two great truths: "*Man is a sinner; Christ is the only Savior*," and these he presses home by striking and touching illustrations, and with great tenderness. Third. The meetings are conducted in accordance with the laws of mind, *Sanctified common sense* gives direction.

At the recent dedication of Rev. Robert Collyer's (Unitarian) Church in Chicago, the contributions in money and subscriptions amounted to the grand aggregate of *seventy thousand dollars*, the largest church collection of the kind, it is claimed, ever made in the United States.

The eloquent Rev. W. Morley Punshon, late of England, now of Toronto, Canada, in describing the late dedication of the Metropolitan Methodist Church in Washington City, says: "We spent eight hours in the Metropolitan Church on the day of dedication, five hours were spent in the house of God, and three hours in the house of merchandise—that is, five hours in worship, and three in raising money."

A REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION, at Mansfield, Ohio, recently adopted, among others, the following resolution:

Resolved, That we are opposed to all class legislation, government subsidies and grinding monopolies of every kind, and that, therefore, we heartily favor a revision of the present oppressive tariff, so as to adjust it to a purely revenue standard!"

The principal speaker in the Convention, General BRINKERHOFF, in advocating the resolutions, used the following language:

"It seems true, therefore, that the Republican party having secured to the American people free speech, free soil and free ballot, it owes to its own grand history in the past, and to its highest glory in the future, to carry such measures and such expenditures as will enable it not only to inscribe upon its banner, but ultimately to carry out its benficent consummation, that noblest motto of political economy, Free Trade."

THE Ohio Democracy effected their nominations the other day under sharp tribulations. A dispatch says:

Ranney led on the first ballot, but Rosecrans was nominated on the second by seven votes over all the other candidates. The result was received with utter disgust by the Radical element of the party, and an effort to have the nomination made unanimous met with a signal failure. The Vallandighammers are loud and bitter in their curses tonight, and indicate that they will give the head of the ticket only a milk-and-water support. The remaining nominations give better satisfaction. The platform excited but little enthusiasm. The republicans are perfectly satisfied with the action of the Convention, and are confident of an overwhelming victory next Fall.

THE ICE FACTORY at New Orleans, situated in one of the elevators, is a great success. It consists of six retorts of a chemical freezing mixture. From these retorts six pipes descend to six huge chests, which chests in turn radiate severally off into four compartments. In each compartment are long, thin tin cases, seven on one side and eight on the other. This making by all the rules of arithmetic a total of fifty six cases in a box, and there being four boxes to a chest, and six chests to a factory, it follows that at full blast this southern ice factory can turn out 1344 cakes of ice eighteen inches long, twelve broad and two thick at the completion of each process. The ice is much colder than that frozen naturally, and lasts much longer. The factory is a joint stock enterprize, and the property is exceedingly lucrative.

ABOUT two years ago, several Japanese silk worms were imported and placed on some alanthus trees in New York. The result is that this year the alanthus trees are overrun with Japanese silk worms. This fact accounts for the huge dark-colored, broad-winged insects that are to be seen flying in almost all parts of Brooklyn.

THE SYMPTONS OF CONSUMPTION.

Paleness of the countenance.
Spitting, or expectoration of pus.
This pus sinks in water.
It is sometimes streaked with blood.
There is chilliness or shiverings, and flashes of heat.
There is a pearly whiteness of the eyes.
The hair of the head falls off.
At times there is a circumscribed red spot on one or both cheeks.
There is swelling of the hands and feet.
There is great debility and emaciation of the body.
There is a high colored state of the urine.
With a deposit on standing like brick dust.
There is oftentimes a great thirst.
The blood is hurried through the arteries and veins.
The pulse is over a hundred, and even as high as one hundred and forty a minute.
The veins on the surface of the body are bluer than usual, and languid.
As the disease progresses the debility increases.
The expectoration becomes more copious.
The finger nails are incurvated.
There is a marasmus and wasting of all the powers of life.
There is often pain in one or both lungs.
There is often diarrhoea and faintness.
There is great sinking of the vital forces.
When there are turbercles, small portions of turberculous matter will be expectorated.
This tubercular matter has an offensive odor.
On an examination with a lung sound, rattling and gurgling is heard.
There is always more or less cough.
Some of these symptons are always present in pulmonary consumption, and nearly or quite all of them in different stages of the disease.

No disease of which we have any knowledge is so common and so almost invariably fatal; yet this need not be the case if the earlier symptoms were heeded. Time and again we have called attention to Dr. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE, which will in every instance of a recent cough arrest the progress of the disease and hinder its development, and even after it has become settled will often cure it and arrest further decay of the lungs.

Sold at the great Medicine Store, No. **167** LIBERTY STREET, one door from St. Clair. Dr. Keyser may be consulted at his LIBERTY STREET OFFICE EVERY DAY UNTIL **12** o'clock, and at his resident office, No. **120** Penn street, from **1** to **4** o'clock.

CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE IN FAVOR OF HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

W. H. Reese, a leading druggist in Monticello, Ill., in a letter of June 6, 1868, writes to this effect: "Having sold Hostetter's Bitters for the past four years, I cannot but speak of the article as being the best tonic and appetizer extant. During the ague season of 1865-6, I could not keep a sufficient stock on hand to supply my customers. In fact, your Bitters was as staple as quinine. I learn that physicians prescribe it all over the country. Indeed, a great many families think they are not safe without your valuable tonic."

J. K. Witherspoon, Esq., a magistrate of Kernshaw county, S. C., states, under date of April 13, 1868 that he has used the Bitters constantly in his own family for the previous two years. He first tried the preparation when suffering from exhaustion, produced by severe attack of fever. Before the first bottle was finished he experienced a remarkable change for the better. He had tried brandy at the outset, but found that it did him more harm than good. In one month from the time he commenced using the Bitters his health, strength and appetite were restored. He had recommended the article to others in like circumstances, and never known it to fail, and had found it a perfect specific for chills and fever.

Mr. Samuel Young, of Clarion, Pa., under date of April 6, 1868, certifies that he was completely cured of "one of the most distressing attacks of dyspepsia that ever afflicted any mortal," by three bottles of the Bitters, after "various other remedies had proved powerless." Restored to perfect health, he thanks "that excellent preparation for the result."

Dr. G. M. Spencer, of Brush Creek, Perry Co., Ala., writing thence Feb. 8, 1868, says: "I have used your Stomach Bitters for several years in my practice, and find them superior to most of the Bitters now prescribed by the profession generally."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, (Railroad street, near Depot,) NEW BRIGHTON, Pa. S. F. CROWTHER, Pastor. Preaching EVERY SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Public cordially invited.

CHRIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, ALLEGHENY.—The Rev. BENJ. F. BROOKE, Rector, will officiate at divine service in this Church on TO MORROW at half-past ten o'clock A. M., and half-past seven o'clock P. M.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, corner Third avenue and Grant st eets. W. N. VAN DE MARK, Pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sabbath School at 9 A. M. Seats free and a welcome to all.

FIRST ENGLISH EVAN- GELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, Seventh street—Rev. SAMUEL LAIRD, Pastor. Services TO-MORROW (Sunday,) and regularly hereafter, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

RELIGIOUS.—First Chris- TIAN CHURCH, corner Beaver street and Montgomery avenue, Allegheny City. JOSEPH KING, Pastor. Public worship TO-MORROW, (Lord's Day,) at 10½ in the MORNING and 7½ in the EVENING. Free Seats, and a cordial invitation given to all. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH OF PITTSBURGH, W. S. Gray, Pastor, meets statedly in NEVILLE HALL, corner of Liberty and Fourth streets. Services every Lord's Day at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject for Morning discourse, "Repentance—Its Neeecsity and Motives. The public are cordially invited.

MESSIAH ENGLISH EVAN- GELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, (General Synod,) Hand Street, below Penn. Rev. J. H. W. STUCKENBERG, Pastor. Religious services regularly on SABBATH hereafter. Sunday School 9 A. M. Preaching at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Prayer Meeting and Lecture Wednesday evenings. Friends of the congregation and public are cordially invited.

REMARKABLE SPIRIT Manifestations, proving the Bible to be True. CLAIR R. DE EVERE, daughter of the late Sir Stephen De Evere, of England, a young lady of refinement and high culture, who has been addressing large audiences in Crosby's Hall, Chicago, will lecture in LAFAYETTE HALL, on SUNDAY, at 10:30 A. M., and 7:30 P. M.; also, on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS following, at 7:30 P. M. At the close of each Lecture the gifted lady will describe spirit friends with astounding accuracy, Intelligent citizens are invited to witness this extraordinary phenomenon.

THE FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, FIFTH AVENUE, above Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. ALEX. CLARK, Pastor. Preaching EVERY SABBATH, at 10.30 A. M. "Creation Conditioned in the Divine Reason" is the general subject of a series of Sabbath Evening Lectures by the pastor. Special topics as follows: A Lawless World, July 4; Atmospheres of China, July 11; Waters that Might Have Been, July 18; Satanic Light, July 25; Imageless Humanity, Aug. 1; Fortuitous Animals, Aug. 8; Reason in Bondage, Aug. 15; Accidental Religion, Aug. 22; Christ the True Interpreter, Aug 29. Free seats and welcome to all.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 10, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Elm street (Bloomfield) from Main street to the Pennsylvania Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 21st, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection. H. J. MOORE, jy10:m2 City Engineer.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 10, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS. —Sealed roposals for Grading, Paving and Curbing TWENTY-NINTH STREET, from Penn to Stanwix street MULBERRY ALLEY, from 28th to 29th street, will be received until MONDAY, July 19th, 1869. Blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids will be considered by the Committee unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject an or all bids. jy10:m8 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

FARM FOR SALE.

A GOOD FARM, in West Deer township, Allegheny county, 10 miles from Sharpsburg. A FRAME TWO STORY HOUSE, of six rooms; CELLAR under all house; also, a LARGE FRAME BARN, 58x38 feet, and other outbuildings. A Young Orchard of Choice Fruit Trees, &c.

For particulars call on the premises, or at JOHN W. BRYSON'S, 349 Liberty street, or address WILLIAM BRYSON, Rural Ridge P. O., Allegheny county, Pa. jy10: 97

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss:

In the Court of Common Pleas of said county, Ex. No. 93, June Term, 1869. CONRAD SCHAUTZ vs. J. G. FREBERGER. July 8th, 1869, on motion of Brown and Lambie, the Court appointed WM. BLAKELEY, Esq., Auditor, to make distribution of the money in Court. Amount paid into Court $4,052 14. From the Record. JACOB H. WALTER, Pro.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Auditor will attend to the duties of the above appointment at his office, No. 91 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa., on WEDNESDAY, the 14th day of AUGUST, A. D. 1869, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, at which time and place those interested may attend. WM BLAKELEY, je10:1100-T Auditor.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss:

In the Court of Common Pleas of said county, Ex. No. 361, March Term, 1869. THOMAS B. STEWART vs. A. W. D. KRAFT & CO. July 9th, 1869, the Court appoint WM. BLAKELEY, Esq., Auditor to make distribution of the funds in Court. Amount paid in $3 673 49. From the Record. JACOB H. WALTER, Pro.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Auditor will attend to the duties of the above appointment at his office, No. 91 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa., on THURSDAY, the 5th day of AUGUST, A. D. 1869, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, at which time and place those interested may attend. WM. BLAKELEY, je10:199-T Auditor.

LADIES BLACK INGRAIN COTTON STOCKINGS AT PHELAN'S. LADIES' AND MISSES' BLACK LACE MITTS AT PHELAN'S. BROWN MIXED STOCKINGS AT PHELAN'S. BALBRIGGAN STOCKINGS AT PHELAN'S. LADIES', MISSES', GENTS', YOUTH'S AND CHILDREN'S GAUZE MERINO UNDERWEAR

AT JAMES PHELAN'S

Old Stand Stocking Store,

jy3:6 No. 24 FIFTH AVENUE.

PHILOSOPHY OF THE PLAN OF SALVATION,

Part Second. $1.50. Just received by R. S. DAVIS & CO., jy9:FSM 193 Liberty street.

LAMP, PITCHERS AND TRUMPETS,

Lectures of the Vocation of the Preacher, $1,75. For sale by R. S. DAVIS & CO., jy9:FSM 193 Liberty Street.

SWIFT'S LAWN MOWERS,

A shipment of these celebrated machines, now so generally in use, just received. W. W. KNOX, jy8:174 137 Liberty street.

GARDEN AND FIELD ROLLERS,

Of all sizes and weights, just received and for sale at Factory prices. W. W. KNOX, jy8:175 137 Liberty street,

REFRIGERATORS AND ICE CHESTS.

The best ventilated refrigerators in the market, for sale at lowest prices. W. W. KNOX, jy8:76 137 Liberty street.

ICE CREAM FREEZERS AND REFRIGERATORS.

Of the most approved styles, at lowest market prices. W. W. KNOX, jy6:177 137 Liberty street.

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 168 and 172 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FIFTH AVENUE BANK

Of Pittsburgh,

Is now open for Discount, Deposit and General Banking Business, at 195 FIFTH AVENUE.

Any sum received from One Dollar upwards.

Interest at the rate of six per cent. paid on time deposits.

DIRECTORS:

ED. DITHRIDGE, W. P. WEYMAN, W. H. SIMS, FRANK SIEBERT, W. C. ROBERTSON, HENRY MEYER, DAN. KINZER, D. M. ARMOR, EMIL POERSTEL.

ED. DITHRIDGE, President.

F. F. SCHENCK, Cashier.

jy10:198

NEW BOOKS.

Patty Gray's Journey from Boston to Baltimore	$1.25
The Hand of Jesus	1.25
Behind the Curtain	1.25
Credo	1.50
An American Woman in Europe	1.50
Pearl Series for Girls, 6 volumes in a box.	3.00
" " Boys, " " "	3.00
The Woodburn Series, 3 volumes in a box	3.75
Corwin's Nest Series, 3 volumes in a box,	2.25
Sabbath Songs for Children's Worship, Paper, 40 cents; Board, 50 cents each.	

AT THE

METHODIST BOOK DEPOSITORY,

129 Smithfield Street.

JOSEPH HORNER, Agent.

jy10:8TTH

LATEST OIL STRIKE.

JUSTICE!

LIBERTY!

ECONOMY!

AND

FREE TRADE!

To secure even handed JUSTICE, just come and see what splendid bargains are offered in the gorgeous stock of Spring and Summer Clothes just prepared and exhibited to the public by S. C. TRAUERMAN.

The fullest LIBERTY to be enjoyed when the man who enjoys it is neatly dressed in a suit of new summer Clothes which fit him so comfortably as not to abridge the freedom of his motions. Such clothes are to be had at S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

To practice ECONOMY, don't spend vast sums of money where extortionate people charge fancy prices for unsatisfactory clothing, but come and get the worth of every dollar you spend, at S. C. TRAUERMAN'S.

FREE TRADE of the freest sort, practiced every day, and all day, at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall. There the people bring their cash, and there they get their clothes. Every man free to buy at all times. Trade tremendous just now at the Big No. 11 Clothing Hall.

LOOK AT THE PRICES.

Cocoa nut suits for $7 worth $15.
Spanish suits for $9 worth $20.
Skating park suits for $12 worth $25.
500 suits, linen, at $2 50 each worth $5.
Black suits for $10 worth $20.
Boys' suits for $5 worth $10.

And a great many more too numerous to mention. Call early and secure your bargains, as we have but a few days to sell. Remember Big No. 11 Sixth street.

S. C. TRAUERMAN.

jy10:TU-8

SUMMER READING.

Walter Savage Landor. A biography by John Forster	$3 50
Credo. This volume is devoted to those inquiries which now agitate the thinking world	1 50
Mopsa the Fairy. By Jean Ingelow	1 25
John Neal's Autobiography	2 00
Waverley Novels. Library edition, 25 vols., green cloth, in case. Price reduced to	25 00
Thackeray's Novels. New edition, green cloth each	1 25
Madame Sherese, the Conscript; Waterloo; historical Novels from the French of Erckmann-Chatrain; each	1 50
Murray's Adventures in the Adirondacks.	1 50
On the Wing. A book for sportsmen	2 00
Fun, Rod and Saddle	2 00
Villa on the Rhine, complete	2 00
An American Woman in Europe. By Mrs. Urbine	1 50
Lamps, Pitchers and Trumpets	1 75
Oldtown Folks. By Mrs. Stowe	2 00
Little Women 2 vols, each	1 59
Men of our Times. By Harriet Beecher Stowe	3 50
Beyond the Mississippi	4 00
Kane's Arctic Explorations. New edition	4 50
Fly. Acres Too Much	1 60
The New West. By Brace	1 75
The Habermeister, from the German of Schmid	1 50
Life of Audobon, the Naturalist. Edited by his widow	2 50
Foster's Mississippi Valley	3 50
Tribune Essays	2 00
Nemaj Lesile. A New York story	1 75

S. A. CLARKE & CO., jy10 119 Wood street.

AN ORDINANCE

Relating to Oil Refineries.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That after the passage of this ordinance it shall be deemed unlawful for any person or persons to erect, or cause to be erected, or occupied, any building or buildings for the purpose of refining oil, or to erect or construct or cause to be erected or constructed any tank or tanks for storing oil, or to engage in the business of refining oil, or to store crude oil in barrels within the City of Allegheny; and each and every person violating this ordinance, or employed in the erection or extension of any such building or tank as is before described, shall forfeit and pay a fine not exceeding One Hundred Dollars, and for each and every day thereafter that said violation is continued, a fine not less than Fifty Dollars; said fines to be recovered summarily; and every such building or tank is hereby declared to be a public and common nuisance.

SEC. 2. The provisions of Section 1st shall not apply to refineries already in operation, *Provided,* The refineries shall not be enlarged nor works extended, nor new tanks erected, nor crude oil stored in barrels, nor new buildings or tanks erected in case of destruction when such destruction shall exceed 25 per cent. of the whole valuation, to be determined by the City Engineer, in connection with the Committee on Engines subject to like penalties as provided in Section 1st.

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law, this the 8th day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER, President of the Select Council.

ATTEST: J. R OXLEY, Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK, President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH, jy10 Clerk of Common Council.

A LAW LIBRARY IN A SINGLE VOLUME. Just published: ABBOTTS' DIGEST OF THE LAW OF CORPORATIONS. In one large, extra size royal octavo volume of over one thousand pages. Best law book style. $10.00.

We respectfully announce that this work, so long in preparation, is now published, and would call attention to its peculiar features, in the confident expectation that it will meet a want long and urgently felt.

This work is a General Digest of the Law of Corporations. It presents the American adjudications of general interest, upon public and private corporations of every kind, with a full selection of English cases.

It has been compiled by Messrs. BENJAMIN VAUGHAN ABBOTT and AUSTIN ABBOTT, so favorably known to the profession by their previous Digests, &c., that we need add nothing in testimony to the care and faithfulness with which this work has been executed.

KAY & COMPANY,

65 WOOD STREET,

jy9 Lafayette Building.

WOOL.

100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by

MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WHITE FRONT,

329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

je30

MOPSA, THE FAIRY; by Jean INGELOW. $1.25.

VILLA EDEN. One volume, $1.75.

WOMEN'S SUFFRAGE, by Bushnell. $1.50.

For sale by R. S. DAVIS & CO., jy9:FSM 193 Liberty street.

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,

FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,

83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

☞ Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

SUMMER GOODS

AT

REDUCED RATES.

Would call attention to the large reduction we have made in

Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,

SELLING AT HALF PRICE.

COTTON HOSIERY, LISLE GLOVES, SUMMER UNDERWEAR,

All at Very Low Prices.

COLORED SILK FANS, SILK BOWS, HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, WHITE MARSEILLES, IRISH LINEN, WHITE GOODS, (of all kinds.) FRINGES, BUTTONS, EMBROIDERIES.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO,

78 & 80 Market Street.

jy10

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, Imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
j10:d43

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

MEN & BOY'S CLOTHING.

GRAY & LOGAN,

NO. 47 SIXTH STREET,

Are now offering a complete stock of Summer Clothing of medium and fine goods at the very lowest prices.

Children's Cassimere Linen and Suits.
Youths' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Boys' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Gents' Blue Flannel Sacks.
Gents' Alpaca Sacks.
Gents' White and Brown Duck Suits.
Gents' Scotch Chevoit Business and Walking Suits.

CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS

AT

GRAY & LOGAN'S,

No. 47 SIXTH STREET,

LATE ST. CLAIR.

jy1:130

JULY, 1869.

SPECIAL SALE OF

CARPETS.

We offer at Retail, for THIRTY DAYS ONLY, a line of New and Choice Patterns

English Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain, and Other Carpets,

AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION, and our entire stock at prices which make it an object to buy this month, as these goods have never been offered so low.

Our Store will close at 5 P. M. until September first.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,

jy9:d&T (Second Floor).

CHERRY SEEDER.

CHERRY SEEDER.

Every family using Cherries, whether for pies, canning or drying, should have one of these valuable machines. It not only saves time and labor, but will more than pay for itself in seeding one bushel of cherries.

The machine is cheap, simple, durable and handsome. The hopper is adjustible, thereby adapting it to all sizes of cherries.

RETAIL PRICE - - - - - - $2.00.

FOR SALE BY

JAMES BOWN,

No. 136 WOOD STREET.

je1-THS

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

GREEN OIL CLOTH FOR WINDOW SHADES.
TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES.
TABLE AND FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS IN EVERY VARIETY.

J. & H. PHILLIPS, 26 and 28 Sixth Street

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S Bread.

The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. au4:TTS

PEARL ASH.—20 sacks or sale J. B. CANFIELD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OPEN THIS MORNING.

NEW STOCK OF

Nainsook Muslins.
Jaconet Muslins.
White Marseilles,
Swiss Muslins.

AT 25 CENTS,

Fine, Plain, Striped and Plaid NAINSOOK MUSLIN.

AT 22 CENTS,

WHITE MARSEILLES.

AT 37½ CENTS,

Fine White Marseilles,

AN EXTRA BARGAIN.

OPEN THIS MORNING.

SQUARE AND LONG

Black Thibet Shawls.

OPEN THIS MORNING.

Fine Black Mohair Alpacas

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

OPEN THIS MORNING.

New Ribbons and Flowers,

HATS AND SUNDOWNS.

Making our stock full and complete.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I have this day associated with me in the Hat, Cap and Fur Business, Messrs. JOHN W. OGLEVEE and JOHN G. BENNETT. The business will be conducted as heretofore at the old established stand, No. 139 WOOD STREET, under the firm name of

WM. FLEMING & CO.

WM. FLEMING. J. G. BENNETT. J. W. OGLEVEE.

WM. FLEMING & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Hats, Caps, Ladies' Furs,

AND

STRAW GOODS,

No. 139 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.

jy5

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.

No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of Lace and Nottingham curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair.) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,

NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.

my8:198

SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL

FOR

YOUNG LADIES.

EILDON SEMINARY,

North Penna. Railroad, seven miles from Philadelphia.

Miss CARR'S seventeenth session will open

SEPTEMBER 15, 1869,

At this healthful and beautiful situation. Terms moderate, instruction thorough. Apply for circular at Gazette Counting Rooom, or office of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, Philadelphia, or to the Principal, Shoemakertown P. O., Montgomery county, Pa. je21:k80

DREKA

Importer and retail dealer in

FINE STATIONERY,

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Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

1,033 Chestnut St., Phila,

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DITHRIDGE'S

FIRE-PROOF

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CHIMNEYS.

10:e26

REMOVAL.

H. HIGBY & CO.

Have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 22 Wood street to the spacious warehouse,

189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) where they will be pleased to show their old friends and the public the elegant stock of new goods just now opening. je17

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement for sale by J. B CANFIELD

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOUSEKEEPING DRY GOODS

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LOWEST PRICES!

Sheeting Muslins,

Pillow Case Muslin,

Linen Sheeting,

Pillow Case Linen,

Table Linen,

Table Napkins,

Towels,

Towellings,

White Quilts,

Colored Quilts,

Wool Table Covers,

Toilet Mats,

Irish Linens,

Shirting Muslins,

Linen and Cotton Diaper,

Cotton Table Cloth, &c.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

Good 6 roomed brick house on Centre avenue and large lot—$4,500.

Good 6 roomed frame house with all improvements: lot 68 by 110—$4,000.

Frame house, 2 rooms; lot 24 by 100—$1,000.

Two well finished press brick houses and large lot—only $6,000.

Two 6 roomed houses on Fulton street—$2,500 each.

One lot 24 by 129 feet on Reed street—$500.

Plot of ground on Mt Washington.

20 acres on Panhandle Railroad, 4 miles from the city.

30 acres on Western Pa. Railroad, 4 miles from the city.

225 acres good improved land in Missouri. Will be divided to suit purchasers.

20 lots on Centre avenue—$300 to $1,500 each. Inquire of McCLUNG & RAINBOW, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, jy10 Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.

3 STILLS, each 9 feet diameter and 16½ feet long, with about 300 feet condensing pipe, from 4-inch down to 2½-inch gas pipe to each still, for $900 apiece.

2 BOILERS, each 32-inch diameter and 14 feet long, with chimney bridging, steam drum, stand pipe, &c., for $500.

2 KEYSTONE STEAM PUMPS, each 12 inch steam cylinder, 7-inch water cylinder and 12-inch stroke, for $300 apiece.

1 IRON AGITATOR, 16 feet diameter and 16 feet deep, with cast iron bottom for $500.

700 feet 2½-inch GAS PIPE at 40c per foot.

Apply to ERNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works, near Sharpsburg Bridge. jy8:179

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The heirs of the late ALEXANDER CAMERON, deceased, offer the following desirable and conveniently located property for sale: Three story Brick Dwelling House, fronting on West Common, Allegheny, No. 26 Sherman avenue. Also, two story Brick Dwelling, fronting on East Common, No. 16 Union avenue. Also, three story Brick store room, No. 104 Federal street, Allegheny, now occupied by J. J. East as book Store. All of the above is offered on reasonable terms, in order to facilitate the settlement of the estate. Parties wanting information will apply to the undersigned at office of the Pennsylvania Insurance Company, 168½ Wood street, Pittsburgh. HUGH McELHENY. jy9:196

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE. —Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal, 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

DESIRABLE DWELLING HOUSE IN ALLEGHENY CITY FOR SALE.—A well built two story Brick House, of hall, seven rooms and cellar; gas and water fixtures; lot twenty feet front by one hundred and ten deep to an alley. In good location. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS, jy10 39 Sixth Avenue.

SHADYSIDE—Two choice lots for sale. Price $800. S. CUTHBERT & SONS, jy10 39 Sixth avenue.

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Fast Colored Calico at
French Chintz at 25
Wash Poplins at 18¾
Fine Dress Goods at
Fine Double Width Dr

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Great Bargains in

J. W. BAR 59 MARKET STREET.

jy10

☞ *NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED.—SITUATION—By a Young Girl to do light housework in a small family, in or out of the city. Address A D., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED.—A SITUATION as TEACHER by one who has had fifteen years experience in teaching, and who has been three years County Superintendent or common schools. Address, J. H. C., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

WANTED. — BOARDERS. —A gentleman and his wife, or a few single gentlemen, can obtain pleasant rooms and good board by applying soon at 71 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. References exchanged.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED.—A FURNISHED SLEEPING ROOM, within twenty minutes walk of Pittsburgh Postoffice. Address, stating terms and location, J. J. N., GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh.

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WANTED.—GIRL.—A GOOD GIRL to do general housework for a small family. Apply at No, 65 BEAVER ST., Allegheny.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EM- PLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

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WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.

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MR. W. M. BURNS, Proprietor of the popular Eating House, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield streets, begs leave to announce to his numerous friends that none but the male sex will be allowed to dine at his tables, he having thrown his entire rooms into one. Dinner, Supper and Breakfast served at this house lower than at any other house of its reputation in the city. Call at Burns' and get plenty to eat for a small amount of money.

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TO-LET.—Room on 3d floor Dispatch Building. Rent very low for balance of year. Gas, water and stationary stand. Enquire at Photograph Gallery, Dispatch building.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

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FOR SALE.—A New and Profit- ABLE ENTERPRISE; can have no opposition; covered by a patent; now in successful operation. Will take in exchange for the one-half, wood land; balance in cash. Whole price not over $6,000. Reasons for selling, the owner wishes to leave the city. For particulars, enquire of E. W. McGINNISS, No. 125 Liberty street, near Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE.—A New Brick Resi- DENCE, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot 120x140 feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having 6,000 inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. 94 miles from Pittsburgh and 56 from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 89, Alliance, O. je12:k28

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FOR SALE.—COUNTRY HOME. —A beautiful residence and fifty-three acres of choice land, on Perrysville Plank Road. The house has eleven rooms, is built and finished in modern style, with all necessary outbuildings, abundance of choice fruit, and in fact everything to make it pleasant and comfortable. Will be sold as a whole or divided to suit purchasers. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

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12½ Cents per Yard.
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FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGE, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON.
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DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES MCCABE, Vice President.
JOHN B. GORMLEY, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

D. Ihmsen, Thomas Rourke, J. Duncvy, Jr., Patrick Kane, Chas. B. Barr, Jno. Jos. Hermann, James McCabe, John Savage, Terence Campbell, James Phelan, H. A. Freyvogle, Thomas Barnes, Hugh Keating

je1:k5

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK

Of Allegheny.

CORNER FEDERAL AND LACOCK STREETS.

CAPITAL - - - - - - - - $100,000

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Bank of Discount and Deposit.

PRESIDENT—S. H. HARTMAN.
CASHIER—E. P. YOUNG.

DIRECTORS.

S. H. Hartman, J. P. Henderson, J. Kohen, Samuel Dyer, W. G. Gibson, W. H. Burt, J. C. Patterson, B. F. Brown, B. B. Megraw,

my21:j72

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 122 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.
Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 n2

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLI BUILDINGS

FINANCIAL.

GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.
my6

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors o S. JONES & CO..)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

GOVERNMENT BONDS!

We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.
my13:125

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE,

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 9, 1869.

Gold opened strong to-day at 136, under an easy money market, advanced 136¼, and fluctuated between 135⅞ and 136. The power of the bear party seemed to be broken, and the tone of the market is firm.

Government bonds opened strong, advanced about one-half per cent. and closed very firm, with likely a further advance for to-morrow's government purchase. Bonds are scarce for delivery and the short interest uncovered very large. The high prices seem to be no inducement for parties to sell, although the investment demand is large.

For stocks, the higher quotations of the first board were not sustained, and the market closed weaker and lower, but well sustained for all the principal stocks.

Express shares remain firm, except Wells, Fargo & Co., which is unusually depressed.

Money easier.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 135¾; Silver, 129; Eighty-one's, 118; Five Twenties, 1862, 121¾; do 1864, 118⅝; do 1865, 119½; do 1865, Consols, 117½; do 1867, 117⅜; do 1868, 117¼; Ten Forties, 108 New York Central, 80⅜; Erie, —; Reading, 92⅞; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 51, ex. div: Ohio & Mississippi, 32¼; Michigan Southern, 109⅜; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 108; Chicago & Rock Island, 103⅝; Chicago & North Western, 80⅜; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 95; Adams Express Company, 58⅝; Merchants Union Express, —; Pacific Mail, 89¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37¾; Am. W. Express, 40.

EXCHANGE,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	$6,69	$6,76
Paris, per franc	27c	27¾c
Berlin, thaler	99c	99¾c
Frankfort, florins	57c	58½c

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 135¾; United States Sixes, 1881, 118; Five-Twenties, 1862, 121¾; do. 1864, 118⅝; do. 1865, 119½; Ten-Forties, 108; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 117½; do. do. 1867, 117½; do. do. 1868, 117¼; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 90; Central do. do., 99; Cy. Pacifics, 106; Lake Superior 96.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 9, 1869.

Money easier and closing at 7 per cent. currency; 7 per cent. gold is asked. Nothing has transpired as yet in regard to the Grand Jury on usury cases. Sterling firm at 9¾@10 per cent.

State stocks are weak. New Tennessees, 57; Virginias, 61; North Carolinas, 47, South Carolinas, 67; Missouris, 87¼.

Gold firmer, opening at 136, advancing to 136¼, declining to 135¾ and closing at 136.

Governments were firm, and advanced prices were paid for three millions bought by the Government, which ranged at 116 35-100@117 45-100. The quotations at the close were: Coupons 1881, 118; do. '62, 121¾; do. 64, 118⅛; do. '65, 119½; do. new, 117½; do. '67, 117¼; do. '68, 117½.

Stocks opened steady but closed easier, the chief feature being in Vanderbilt's stocks and Michigan Southern. Express Stocks dull.

Bidding Prices at 5:30: Canton, 62½; Cumberland, 32½; Western Union Telegraph, 31⅝; Quicksilver, 15; Mariposa, 8; do. preferred, 15; Pacific Mail, 89¾; Adams Express, 58⅝; Wells & Fargo, 22¾; American, 40; United States, 71⅛; Merchants, 16; New York Central, 196; Harlem, 144½; Hudson, 164½; Reading, 92⅝; Erie, 28¼; do. pref., 53; Michigan Central, 128½; Michigan Southern, 109½; Illinois Central, 143; Pittsburgh, 108; Northwestern, 80½; do. preferred, 95; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 74; Rock Island, 116⅜; St. Paul, 76¼; do. preferred, 86; Northwestern, 80½; do. preferred, 95; Wabash, 73¼; do. preferred, 82; Fort Wayne, 151⅝; Terre Haute preferred, 58; Chicago and Alton, 157¼; do. preferred, 157; Ohio & Mississippi, 32; St. Joseph, 118.

Mining stocks at Boston: Copper Falls, 7½; Franklin 12; Hecla, 80; Hancock, 2; Minnesota, 1; Quincy, 24.

Disbursements of gold to-day, $593,045.

Receipts at Sub-Treasury to-day, $8,486,884: payments, $2,418,478; balance, $98,472,581.

The shipments of specie to-morrow will reach half a million.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 9, 1869.

Flour and Grain, according to our latest advices, from both east and west, are still on the rampage. There has been a fine field for speculators during the past week or ten days; those who were "long" on either Wheat or Corn, have had a big margin, and many doubtless took advantage of the opportunity thus presented; the "shorts," however, have had and are still having a pretty hard time of it, and many of them have already been crowded to the wall, and if the market does not ease up and that, too, before long, others will be forced to suspend. The dispatches from New York on Thursday reported a good export demand, and this, aided by speculation, was sufficient to excite all of the leading western markets. There is an end to all things, however, and there will be an end to the present flurry, and it may come sooner than is generally expected.

BUTTER—Is in rather better supply, and easier, but as yet unchanged; we continue to quote 20@25, for fair to choice.

BEANS—Dull at $1,75@2.

CHEESE—Is in good supply and the common grades are very dull; we quote common Western Reserve, at 14@15; Factory at 16@17, and Goshen at 18@19.

CARBON OIL—Quiet; may be quoted in a jobbing way at 29@30, for standard brands.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull and prices nominal—holders generally, anxious to realize.

EGGS—Fresh packed, 20.

FLOUR—Is firm, though there is no excitement in this market, and Western Flours cannot be replaced at present figures. Spring wheat $6,25@6,75, and Winter Wheat $7@7,25.

FEATHERS — Supply in hands of commission men almost exhausted. Live geese may be quoted at 85@90, to the trade, and $1 in a retail way.

GRAIN—Wheat is in steady milling demand, and scarce, and prime Red is being sold at $1,38@1,40. Corn firm, in demand and higher: sales of mixed at 80—prime Yellow may be quoted at 83@85. Rye, also, is scarce and wanted—we continue to quote at $1,25@1,30. Oats firm and tending upward but the demand is light, and dealers find it very difficult to spring an advance; 66@67 by the car load and 69@70 in store. All kinds of Grains are relatively cheaper here than in Chicago, and as a consequence, could not be replaced from that place at present prices.

HAY—Sales new at $15@20, and old at $25@30.

HEMP—Sales 12 bales at $205.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2,50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

LARD OIL—Sales of No. 2 at $1,18@1,20 nd No. 1 at $1,48@1,50

PROVISIONS — Shoulders, 14¾@15; Ribbed and Clear Sides, 17½@18¾; Plain Hams, 18½@18¾; Plain Sugar Cured, 20; Canvassed, 21. Dried Beef, 21@21½. Lard in tierces 20, in kegs and pails 21. Mess Pork $33,50@33,75.

POTATOES—Sales new crop at $3,00@$3,50 per bbl, and old at 40@45 cts per bushel.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12.

SALT—Allegheny River brands are quoted, by car the load, at $1,75@1,80.

SEEDS—Small sales of Flaxseed at $2,45@2,50. No demand for Clover or Timothy Seeds.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY July 9, 1869.

The agony in regard to the production, we presume, is over for another month, the main facts of the report of the Titusville *Herald*, for June, having been received by telegraph to-day. From this it would appear that the daily average for June was 10,067 bbls, about 100 bbls per day less than for May, and 35 bbls per day less than for the same month last year when it was 10,102. The stock on hand on July 1st is reported at 300,900 bbls, a decrease of 56,000 bbls, compared with the 1st of June. These are the main points of the report, and it is but fair to add that operators generally here, did not expect much difference either way, and as a consequence, the statistics above set forth give pretty general satisfaction. The market to-day was strong and higher, prices compared with yesterday showing a slight advance, and while the sales were by no means large, the feeling seemed to be "bullish," and dealers generally are operating with a view of pretty stiff prices.

CRUDE.

The market, as already intimated, is firm with considerable inquiry both for present and future delivery, and compared with yesterday, prices are a full quarter higher. Sale, 350 bbls on spot at 15; 1,000 August, at 15½; 1,000 do, at 15¼; and 3,000 sellers, all year, at 14½. July was offered yesterday at 14¾; August at 15; and 14¼ was best did for sellers all year.

REFINED

Firm though the sales were light. Sale, 500 each, August to December, at 33¼; 500 each, same months, at 33½. Spot, 32 against, 31½@31¾ yesterday; and July, last half, 32½, against, 32@32¼ yesterday.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	48c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	55c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	1,280 bbls
J. Wilkins	160 "
Parker, Thompson & Co	480 "
Pool & Bro	320 "
Total	3,240 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Citizens Oil Co. 750 bbls refined to Tack & Bro., Philadelphia.

Montzheimer, Kohler & Co. 500 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Fawcett, L. & S. 400 bbls refined to W. P Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan & Co., 103 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Wormser, Myers & Co., 211 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner 550 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Lyons & Bro., 529 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

McKelvy & Bro., 309 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total refined	3,152

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

G. W. Holdship & Co., 54 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Hutchison Oil & Refining Co., 152 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

Brooks Ballentine & Co., 62 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co,. Philadelhhia.

E. L. Goodwin half bbl ref. oil to J. Goodwin, Boston, Mass.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

The Virginia Election.

Washington telegrams say Virginia has gone for Walker by at least 30,000 majority, and the Constitution, without the disfranchising clauses, will be adopted by at least 60,000 majority. Welles and Walker, the parties in the contest, both claimed to be Republican, and the victorious side on Thursday sent dispatches to President Grant, congratulating him on a great Republican victory. The word Democracy has not been used during the gubernatorial campaign, though the Democratic element has formed the bulk of the Walker party. At the commencement of the war, Col. Walker was a Douglas Democrat, but joined the Republicans after removing to Norfolk, where he became President of a national bank. He was originally nominated by the bolters from the Republican State Convention, which nominated Gov. Wells. Afterward all the Conservative elements rallied about him for the purpose of defeating Wells. The Walker party ran a Republican Legislative ticket, but in the Congressional contest the anti-Wells element generally dropped the title of Republican, and most of their candidates were known as "Democratic" or "Independent." The Walker candidates for the Legislature, it may be added, are pledged to vote for the adoption of the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution. The Legislature elected will choose United States Senators, and will also have the power to take the initiative in amending the State Constitution, adopted yesterday—that is to say, this Legislature can vote amendments to this Constitution, which, if confirmed by the next Legislature, will then be submitted to the people for ratification. It is said that some of the candidates elected to Congress will be unable to take the oath, and new elections will have to be ordered. The Republicans here scarcely know how to receive the result. The majority think it a defeat, while a large number claim it as a victory for the present Administration. The returns upset the calculations of the Wells men, based upon the vote by color, some of the blackest counties having given the largest majority for Wells.

Another says: The result of the election is the prominent topic of conversation to-day in all circles. The dispatch of the rebel chairman of the Walker Central Committee of that State, to the President is regarded as a rare piece of impudence.

The Philadelphia *Press* says: The rebel Democrats may boast that they have carried their candidates, but there is an ultimate remedy. Colonel Walker and his friends, who declare they are still Republicans, have assumed the responsibility. It is not for them to show that they do not intend to destroy the new constition after the manner of Georgia and Maryland. It is for them to show that they do not ask Virginia's readmission into the Union only to restore her to the men who have no higher mission than to persecute every citizen, white and black, who supports the Republican party. Coming to Congress as they will, with professions of Republicanism on their lips, we hope they will take such a stand as will prove that in the late election they were not willing parties to a plot to restore that State to its old rebel masters.

The Mineral Wealth of Wyoming.

The Larimer *Sentinel* is enthusiastic on the subject of the mining prospect in that region. It seems to think it is now an established fact that the mines near there are among the richest which have been found on this continent. Not less than forty or fifty miles in length on the various gulches in the mountains opposite have been prospected and found rich, generally averaging from ten to twenty-five cents to the pan. There are hundreds of miles of gulches, embracing the head waters of the Big and Little Larimer Rivers, Cooper Creek, Rock Creek, and their innumerable tributaries, in all of which gold is found to exist in largely paying quantities. Those who for the past few months have been prospecting in that region, and have tried to guard so jealously against the secret of their success leaking out, are now satisfied that there is room and gold for all who choose to come and work. These mines are nearly all within a days ride, by teams, of Larimer. They are the easiest to work of any which have been found in the country. There is not generally more than two feet of stripping and from four to six feet of pay dirt. On the bed-rock the yield is generally a dollar or more to the pan.

Among the sources of mineral wealth which seem in store in the mines immediately adjacent to that city are cinnabar and quicksilver. Those who are mining and prospecing west of there report that they find quicksilver in nearly every pan ful of dirt they prospect, and most of the gold is coated with quicksilver. Besides, ore, which the miners think is cinnabar or sulphuret of mercury, is found in great abundance. One gentleman from there took some of the mineral and heated it in a close retort and thus obtained quite an amount of quicksilver.

There has been lately discovered in the valley between Laramie and the mountains, unmistakable evidence of the existence of coal oil. A gentleman found in no less than half a dozen different localities oil in considerable quantities on the surface of pools of water, floating on the lakes, which abound in this vicinity, and bubbling up in the springs at the foot of the mountains.

Petroleum Items.

The new well on the Jamison farm, Allegheny river near Tionesta, is now producing fifteen barrels a day. It is 212 feet deep instead of 240, as reported in our last issue. The demand for territory in the vicinity is good.

A new well was struck on Monday on the McGrew tract, on the south side of the river, near Oil City. The production is now reported at seventeen barrels per day.

A new well was struck a few days ago on Holmden run near Pit Hole. It is now producing about twenty barrels a day.

Last week a new well was struck on the H. Buchanan farm, Rouseville, which is now yielding twenty barrels a day.—*Titusville Herald.*

A TANTALIZING OBJECT.—The ball upon the cupola of the Wapella Court House, Indiana, contains a quart of the best old rye whisky. It was put there, years ago, by two frolicsome tinners who put the finishing touch on the ball, and it has remained there ever since.

Our Unknown Territories.

The geographers have not entirely finished their work on this continent. We recently published the fact that a military reconnoissance of the White Pine region had been ordered, and of this proposed survey the San Francisco *Bulletin* says:

"There is a territory about the headwaters of the Colorado, with an area as large as the State of Illinois, about which nothing is known of any practical value. One or two persons have made the passage through the great Colorado Canon, and now and then a pioneer hunter or miner has looked from the heights into its fearful chasms. But we know little or nothing of the topography of the country, what inexhaustible mines of precious metals it may contain, and more important still, what great table lands and rich valleys it may have, adapted to agriculture and to the maintenance of a dense population. We do not even know from authentic sources whether the Colorado is navigable above the Great Canon, and we know even less of two or three of its largest affluents. The Flax river is traced on maps for more than two hundred miles through North-western Arizona; but the country through which it flows has been shut out from civilization, and even from thorough exploration. We hear of fierce savages, of floods and droughts, of semi-tropical verdure, and of mineral deposits richer than have been developed in any other part of the country. We shall never know how much of truth or how much of fiction there may be in these reports until a thorough exploration has been made.

"We have already stated that an exploring expedition, under the military supervision of Major General Thomas, will be sent to this country during the present season, comprising engineers, geologists, botanists, and other scientific men, with all necessary appliances for a thorough survey of the country. The White Pine pioneers on the north and the Southern Pacific Railroad surveyors on the south might be able to tell us something about this unknown country within the next year or two. But more important results may be expected from the labors of this military and scientific expedition. If rich mines and fertile lands should be found, it will not be long before the current of population will set towards the upper waters of the Colorado. The construction of the Southern Pacific Railroad will have much to do in hastening the settlement of that country."

How Free Trade Works in England.

A London letter, dated June 21st, furnishes the following: The injurious effect upon British industry of the Manchester policy is now manifesting itself in so many ways and upon so many interests that, notwithstanding the sort of superstitious reverence with which "free trade" is regarded by large numbers of the people and most of the legislators, yet the question is forcing itself for reconsideration. The fearful increase of pauperism, the constant decrease of the agricultural population, the depressed condition of the manufacturing classes, and the constant and increasing substitution of foreign for home made commodities in the English market, are facts that can no longer be denied or evaded; and, notwithstanding the loud whistling of the Manchester economists to keep up the courage of their friends, a deep rumble of popular discontent is plainly heard, presaging, as I believe, a social earthquake in which the commercial policy of this country will be reversed or monarchy will be overthrown. The people are degraded to a condition of poverty and ignorance, which is yearly becoming worse, and the inevitable crisis can not much longer be postponed. In private conversation with intelligent merchants, manufacturers and farmers, I find that a very general doubt prevails as to the advantages of free trade, and a great many openly avow a desire for a return to the protection policy. Pray tell your readers not to be deceived by the fallacies of your free trade visionaries, but to look at the practical working of their system as so painfully exhibited this moment in the condition of the working classes of Great Britain.

The Last Rifle Invention.

The new rifle invented by Meyhofer, in East Prussia, judging from the accounts given of it, is by far the most destructive death dealing weapon in existence, and promises to supersede the needle gun, even; charge and discharge to take place almost simultaneously, and it is said thirty shots can be fired from it in a minute. At the moment when the barrel is closed by a valve, the cartridge is exploded by a small knite. A particular apparatus prevents the escape of gases unless by the legitimate vent. This new weapon weighs only 8½ pounds, and the barrel has a length of thirty-six inches; the cartridges are of paper, which, besides being cheap, cannot expand and stick fast in the barrel, as was the case with the American rifle tried in St. Petersburg. The long arrow-shaped projector of the Meyhofer rifle is fatal at 1,800 paces, and weighs only 1-24 of a pound, so that every soldier in the field can carry with him one hundred cartridges. The rifle is loaded by a gentle blow of the flat of the hand on the handle of the valve, which opens the powder chamber for the entrance of the cartridge. The inventor, who is himself not practically skilled in fire-arms, has on several occasions fired thirteen shots in thirty-six seconds, and twenty-six shots in one minute.

Washington Items.

The Treasury Department expects to have its new fractional currency of the ten cent denomination ready to pay out by the end of next week, and the fifteen and twenty-five cent notes by the end of the month.

Commissioner Barnard, of the Educational Bureau, will issue his elaborate report on educational matters in this district in a short time. It will make a volume of over six hundred pages, and is unquestionably one of the most complete and valuable documents ever prepared under government supervision.

THE TRANSPORTATION OF FRUIT from California to the East is engaging the attention of the managers of the Central Pacific Railway, who have ordered the construction of fifty cars to be used in this business. The cars are to be kept cool by funnel air-pump ventilators, wire screens and cross-bars, so that the fruit may be stowed in such a way as to receive a plentiful supply of fresh air. In this way it is believed that grapes, pears and other fruits can be sent in good condition to the Atlantic States. With the rate of transportation at $12 52, gold, per hundred pounds, it is believed that grapes can be sent from San Francisco to New York for $15 per hundred pounds and retailed at 25 cents a pound, yielding a handsome profit.

NOTICES.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day of June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

my8:198 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 398 of City Digest,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the

First Day of August,

and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the

FIRST DAY OF AUGUST

AND THE

FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

☞ No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first.

☞ An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

A J COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1869. e5:k88

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Managers of the MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS a share on the stock of said Company, payable forthwith to the stockholders or their legal representatives, at the office of said Company, No. 94 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

WILLIAM BAKEWELL, Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, July 8th, 1869. jy9:194

OFFICE OF THE
BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY
No. 41 Ohio Street.
ALLEGHENY, PA., July 6th, 1869.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable in cash on and after WEDNESDAY, July 14th, 1869. GEO. D. RIDDLE, Secretary.
jy8:190

DIVIDEND.—The President and Directors of the BIRMINGHAM and PITTSBURGH BRIDGE CO. have declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR and FIFTY CENTS per share out of the earnings of the past six months, payable forthwith.

EDWARD MOYE, Treasurer,
jy7:188 185 Liberty street.

MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURER'S NAT. BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 6th, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of all taxes.

JOHN SCOTT, JR., Cashier.
jy7:170

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, July 6, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of Government tax.

JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
jy7:173

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
July 3d, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of SIX PER CENT. payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives forthwith, free of all taxes.

R. W. MACKEY, Cashier.
jy5:166

PITTSBURGH, JULY 3.
NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY,
No. 123 Fifth Street.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 12th inst., free of Government tax.

ROBT. J. GRIER, Cashier.
jy5

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company.)

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of State and Government Tax.

J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.
JULY 5, 1869. jy5:162

PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1869.

THE MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK will pay a dividend of EIGHT (8) PER CENT., free of taxes, on and after July 13th inst.

JNO. G. MARTIN, Cashier.
jy2:132

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand, free of all tax.

CYRUS CLARK, Jr., Cashier.
jy2:131

OFFICE PENNA. INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, June 30, 1869.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of U. S. tax.

HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.
jy1:129

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The President and Managers and Company, for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS on each share of the capital stock of the Company, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives by the Treasurer forthwith.

WM. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.
jy2:133

SUMMER RESORTS.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

T is Favorite Summer Resort,

Situated on the Summit of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS, 2,200 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th day of JUNE. The buildings connected with the establishment have been entirely renovated and newly furnished. Excursion Tickets sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, good for the season. All trains stop at Cresson. TWO FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. For further information, address

GEO W. MULLIN, Proprietor,
Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.
jy5:167

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.,

Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,

AARON MILLER, Proprietor.
my21:194

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver and put it to work; they give the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

Though there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians had pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1 50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the combined natural springs. Those who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, Grant's Court House, Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j22

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my21:j62

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED —Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j63-d&F

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS,

ICE DEALER,

No. 55 Diamond Alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. my15:110

WOOD TURNING,

SCROLL SAWING,

AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Alleghedy City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.

my11:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

J. E. SWINT..... J. M. BRATT

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descriptions, done

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

Office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET

☞ All orders promptly attended to

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.

Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1.00 per bottle. Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-T:TH S

FISH! FISH!—Potomoc Shad in half barrels; Potomac Herring in barrels; Mackerel No. 1, 2 and 3 in various sized packages; White Fish; Lake Herring. For sale low to the trade by WATT, LANG & CO., 173 and 175 Wood street.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR RENT.

An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.

House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1 800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $2,600.
House of 2 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each
1 lot, Sherman street, $7.50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.

BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.

Lots 20x137 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.

30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3,500.

D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.

VALUABLE

SUBURBAN LOTS IN 23d WARD

AT AUCTION.

FIFTY-ONE LOTS, desirably located at Marion station, on Second avenue, in the Twenty-third ward, city of Pittsburgh, fronting on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad and the Monongahela river, will be sold at Public Sale on

SATURDAY, JULY 10th,

At 2 o'clock P. M. We confidently invite the attention of purchasers to the above property, as examination cannot but convince any party that the conveniences of the city and the pleasures of the country are here extraordinarily combined, having amongst others the following advantages Facility of access, being situated on the Connellsville Railroad and Second avenue, beauty of scenery, having extended views on the Monongahela river, convenience to schools, churches and society, being in the immediate neighborhood of Messrs. Hays, Laughlins, Scully, Anderson, Oliver and others.

Terms of Sale—One third cash: balance in one, two and three years, with interest, ten per cent. of the cash payment in hand. A special free train will leave the Connellsville Depot at one o'clock P. M on day of sale. For further information and plan of lots apply to

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,
No. 115 Fourth avenue.
H. B. SMITHSON, Auctioneer. je28:18

VALUABLE COAL LANDS IN VIRGINIA FOR SALE OR LEASE.—The undersigned, in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Henrico, in the State of Virginia, made on the 3d day of May, 1869, will receive PROPOSALS IN WRITING, either for the PURCHASE OR LEASE, from and after the 31st DECEMBER, 1869, for the whole, or any part, of the COAL LANDS situate in Chesterfield county, Va., belonging to the Chesterfield Coal and Iron Mining Company.

The lands conveyed said Company more than 4300,000. The mines which they contain have been and are now being profitably worked by the present lessees, and the property is considered of great value for its coal and iron ore.

The different tracts are known as follows:

"WOOLDRIDGE'S and FALLING CREEK," containing about TWO HUNDRED AND FOUR ACRES;
"BLACK HEATH," NINETY-NINE ACRES;
"BARKER and BRANCH'S," NINETY-NINE ACRES;
"HARVIE and HARRIS'," TWO HUNERED AND TWENTY-FOUR ACRES;
"COLLINS'S," SEVENTY-SIX ACRES;
"MARTIN'S," (one tract,) THIRTY ACRES;
"MARTIN'S," (another tract,) THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX ACRES;
"SALLE P.TS," TWO HUNDRED ACRES, and a COAL-YARD and LAND attached thereto, on James river, opposite Richmond, containing upwards of FOUR ACRES.

Inquiries and proposals may be addressed to the undersigned, Postoffice Box 342, Richmond, Va., until the 20th day of October, A. D. 1869.

It is recommended that the proposals be made as specific as possible since the decree requires them to be reported to the Court for its approval or disapproval at the next term, commencing on the 25th day of October, 1869.

ANDREW JOHNSTON,
POWHATAN ROBERTS,
Special Commissioners.
j 1

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15:k46

FOR SALE.

3 lots in Mansfield, 60x120 each. 11 acres of land, grapery, peaches and small fruit, good spring of water, log house, &c; price low. 70 acres, Economy township, Beaver Co; price $75 per acre; good orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. House of 7 rooms, 1½ miles from Economy station. 1,100 acres, Gilmore Co., West Va.; good soil, well timbered and watered; price $4 per acre. 205 acres, same county, good home and orchard; price $8 per acre. 1 240 acres, Braxton Co., West Va; rich soil and well timbered; price $3.50 per acre.

Bonds and Mortgages wanted by

THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND

89 GRANT STREET
je16 Office, back room.

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each,

ENQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street.
mh18

FOR SALE.

12 acres of COAL LAND, 3 miles from Temperanceville, on the Little Saw Mill Run.

137 acres near Dounsville, Indiana county, Pa., on Livermore Station, W. P. R. R., well improved and cheap.

HOUSE AND LOT on Market street, Manchester.

HOUSE AND LOT on Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

HOUSE AND LOT on Fourth avenue.

4 HOUSES AND LOTS in Elizabethtown

Choice and cheap farms in Tennessee and Missouri. TUSTIN & KLEE,
my29 87 Grant street.

FOR SALE.

Property on Spring Hill, 7th ward, which commands a delightful view of the surrounding country for several miles. The ground contains 4 lots 22 feet front by 250 feet deep, on which there is about 250 grape vines in good bearing order, a few choice pear, apple and peach trees; also a variety of small fruits good stable, good well of water and cistern, new frame house containing 4 rooms, with hall, and cellar under whole house; everything in good order.

Also, house and lot on Ledlie street; house two story frame; contains 5 rooms and hall; lot runs through to Carroll street.

Other houses and lots in good localities. Inquire of M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate, General Brokerage and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. je29

A NEW AND COMPLETE RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—Very pleasantly situate in the 17th ward; lot of ground 80x110 feet; the house is arranged with hall, double parlor, dining room, kitchen, pantry, wash room, large cellar, 5 chambers and finished attic, Graff's range, marble mantles, cornice, centre pieces, &c.; everything finished in the best manner. The location is retired and pleasant. Price $13,000. Terms easy.

S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
jy3 39 Sixth avenue

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations, Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

EDMUND LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturer of Warren's Ve Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

LESSEE.....M. W. CANNING, Esq.
MANAGER.....Mr. CHAS. H. DUPREZ.

SUCCESS AND ATTRACTION UNEQUALED, ONE WEEK MORE.

Commencing Monday Evening, July 5th,

and continue every night during the week.

TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES ON THE 6th—afternoon at 2½ o'clock, evening at 8 o'clock.

Second and positively last week of the gigantic

Duprez & Benedict's Minstrels,

Introducing on this occasion the great sensation burlesque,

BOSTON PEACE JUBILEE,

And two new extraordinary programmes by this famous Mammoth Troupe of 26 ETHIOPIAN ARTISTS, led by the great LEW BENEDICT.

Twenty-five Cents Special Matinee Saturday afternoon, at 2½ o'clock.

Grand farewell bill Saturday night, July 10th, previous to the troupe's departure for Chicago and Philadelphia. jy5:168

MASONIC HALL.

A GRAND CONCERT will be given at the above Hall on SATURDAY EVENING, July 10, 1869, by the

INTERNATIONAL TROUPE,

Pronounced by the Press to be the most Artistic Party of Vocalists now travelling the States. (See opinions of the Press.)

Principals—Miss LLWYVO LEWIS, the youngest and best Contralto of Europe; newly arrived in America. Mr. W. APMADOC, Primo Tenore, late of Steinway Hall, New York. Mr L. W. LEWIS (Llew Llwyvo,) Crowned Bard of Wales and Primo Baritone of the Crystal Palace, London. Solo Pianist and Accompanist, MADAME BIEDERMAN.

Admission, 50 cents; Reserved Seats, 75 cents; can be obtained at C. C. Mellor's Music Store 81 Wood street.

Doors open at 7½; Concert to commence at 8½. jy9:185

FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—

No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

PIC NICS.

PARTIES GETTING UP PIC NICS, private or public, attention is called to the beautiful grounds situated on the Pan Handle Road, at Mansfield. The gaounds are unsurpassed for beauty and shade. A large platform, laid with flooring boards and in good order, on the ground. The best of order at all times preserved. Arrangements can be made at all times with the railroad for transportation. For particulars address

ELY WICOFF,
CONTINENTAL HOTEL,
je23 k93 Mansfield.

PROPOSALS.

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 2, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received at THIS OFFICE until 3 o'clock P. M. on SATURDAY, July 10th, 1869, for grading and paving the following streets, avenues and alleys, viz:

GRADING AND PAVING

Ridge avenue from Grant avenue to Chartiers street.

Page street, 647 feet west of Fulton street, Fifth ward.

Murdock alley, from Frazier to Fulton street.

Gerst a ley, from north line of Third street to north line of Kaufman's lot.

GRADING ONLY.

Jefferson street, from Shields alley to Monterey street.

Sarah street, from Union avenue to city line.

PAVING ONLY.

Evans alley, between Locust and Franklin st.

Wards alley, from Fulton to Sedgwick street.

Specifications can be seen in the office of CHAS. DAVIS, Esq., City Engineer.

jy3 W. M. PORTER, City Controller.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Pittsburgh, July 8, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.— SEALED PROPOSALS for GRADING, PAVING and CURBING the following streets will be received at this office until MONDAY, July 19th, 1869:

FORBES STREET, from Magee to Chestnut street.

WILLOW STREET, from Fortieth to Forty-fourth streets.

THIRTY-FIRST STREET, from Liberty street to Allegheny Valley Railroad.

And for Grading and Paving:

SNOWDEN ALLEY, from Hemlock alley to the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

APPLE ALLEY from Marion to Miltenberger street.

Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had at this office, and no bids will be considered by the Committee unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids. H. J. MOORE,
jy8:191 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF THE
CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.,
PITTSBURGH, July 8 h,

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

The Connellsville Railroad Company are substituting an earth embankment for the trustle work between Braddocks and Turtle Creek.

Disappeared.—Edwin S. Atkinson, a carpenter, residing at the corner of Forty-first and North streets, Seventeenth ward, this city, left home on business Tuesday morning and has not since been heard from.

A train of empty freight cars was smashed up on Wednesday afternoon, seven miles west of Huntingdon. Thirteen cars were demolished, and both tracks damaged. No one was hurt. Passenger trains were delayed six hours.

Slight Fire.—A slight fire occurred in a frame building on Thirty-seventh street, about half-past seven o'clock, last evening. It was extinguished by the application of a few buckets of water, and no alarm was given. The damage was very trifling.

Leg Broken.—A laborer engaged in tearing down a building at the corner of Smithfield street and Strawberry alley had his leg broken yesterday by a heavy timber falling upon it. He was removed to his residence on Virgin alley and medical attendance summoned.

The Liquor League.—A meeting of a number of retail liquor dealers was held yesterday in the Odd Fellows Hall on Penn street, Ninth ward, relative to the formation of a "Liquor League." It was resolved to enforce the liquor law rigidly against all persons selling without license.

Alleged Larceny.—Tim Harris, a resident of Coultersville, was arrested yesterday, on Fourth avenue by officer Couples at the instance of a gentleman from Coultersville, who stated that he was accused of stealing $50 from a Mr. Beverage on Sunday evening, in a hotel at that place. He was placed in the lock-up to await the arrival of an officer from Coultersville.

Disorderly Conduct.—Louis Hufnagle made information before Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, yesterday, charging Archy Ferguson and James Gregg with disorderly conduct. He alleges that during his absence from home, a few days since, they went to his residence and grossly insulted his wife and daughter. Warrants were issued for the arrest of the accused.

Man Missing.—Joseph Reigner, a machinist, residing at No. 559 Penn street, left his home about eleven o'clock Tuesday morning, and has not since been heard from by his friends, although diligent search has been made by them to discover his whereabouts. Any information concerning him will be thankfully received at No. 559 Penn street, or by H. H. De Arman, merchant tailor, No. 50 Smithfield street.

Grand Concert.—The International Troupe will give one of their grand concerts at Masonic Hall this evening. Miss Llwyvo Lewis, the prima donna of the International Troupe, is said to be the best contralto singer of Europe, and the other members of the company are equally celebrated. Their concerts are spoken of by the eastern press in the highest terms, and our music-loving people may depend upon a rare feast this evening. Reserved seats can be secured at C. C. Mellor's music store.

Paternal Abuse.—Mary Berbaski, a young lady about eighteen years of age, called at Alderman Strain's office yesterday and made complaint against her father, Genia Verbaski, for acting in a disorderly manner, calling her vile names and threatening to do her bodily harm with a huge knife which he flourished. The accused was arrested and a compromise effected at the magistrate's office, he agreeing to furnish her with an outfit, and granting her privilege to reside elsewhere if she did not like his domicil.

Family Quarrel.

Micheal Kennedy made information yesterday against Ellen Whalen and Biddy Farris, members of his household, for assault and battery. The parties, it seems, had a row about some family affairs, when, according to Michael's statements, they attacked and beat him severely. The accused were arrested and brought to the Magistrate's office in company with their mother, who is Kennedy's wife. While the hearing was going on he became incensed at Mrs. Kennedy and assaulted her, when the Alderman promptly had him arrested and locked up in jail. He will rusticate there until the 1st of August, when a hearing in his case will be had.

Serious Accident.

Willie McDermott, aged about twelve years, son of Edward McDermott, a stone mason, who is employed in the construction of the stone wall along the Panhandle Railroad in West Pittsburgh, was severely injured Thursday evening. He had accompanied his father to his work, and while sitting on the ground near the derrick used for lifting the heavy stones to their places in the wall, one of the ropes gave way when a heavy stone was immediately over him. A workman standing near saw the danger the boy was in and attempted to rescue him, but before he could get him out of the way the stone fell and caught his left leg near the ankle completely crushing it. It is feared that the injury will prove fatal.

A Failure.

Mrs. Garren, a resident of "Limerick," being burdened with a greater amount of "troubles" than she had the courage to bear, yesterday resolved to "take up arms" against them, and by a determined opposition, end them. She accordingly, at an early hour yesterday morning, placed her house in order and then repaired to the bank of the Ohio river, near her residence, with the intention of burying herself along with her troubles beneath its murky waters. The facilities for taking the fatal leap were not just so favorable as she might have desired, but being determined in her purpose, she acted upon the principle that "where there was a will there was a way," and with a firm step and a determined purpose, walked boldly into the water, without faltering, until she reached a point beyond her depth, when her courage failed and she cried loudly for help. Fortunately there was a gentleman near at hand, who, upon hearing her cries, hurried to her assistance and succeeded in rescuing her from her perilous situation. She immediately repaired to her home, fully satisfied to bear her present ills rather than "fly to others she knows not of." She will hardly make another attempt at self destruction.

THE COURTS.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterrett.

FRIDAY, July 9.—In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Charles Brandt, indicted for *fornix et cet*, and seduction, previously reported, the jury returned a verdict of guilty of *fornix et cet*. Same day the Court sentenced the defendant to pay a fine of thirty dollars to the Guardians of the Poor, thirty dollars to the prosecutrix and the further sum of six dollars per month for the period of five years.

In the case of Conrad Coller, indicted for aggravated assault and battery, previously reported, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and the costs to be divided between the prosecutor and defendant, each to pay one-half.

The first case taken up was the Commonwealth vs. Arthur Martin, indicted for assault and battery. The jury returned a verdict of guilty. Sentence deferred.

Commonwealth vs. H. C. Matthews, indicted for assault and battery. Verdict of gnilty. Sentence deferred.

John McGurk, indicted for obtaining money under false pretense, Elizabeth Sears prosecutrix. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and prosecutrix for costs.

Commonwealth vs. Catharine Girty, indicted for assault and battery. Verdict of not guilty and the prosecutor, William Hannen, to pay the costs.

George Bell, indicted for the larceny of a pair of pants from Bierman & Brother, corner of Sixth avenue and Livery street, was placed on trial and plead not guilty. The jury returned a verdict of guilty. Same day the Court sentenced the prisoner to twenty days' imprisonment in the county jail.

Commonwealth vs. Clarence Bell, indicted for feloniously entering a dwelling house in the daytime and for the larceny of a watch and twenty-two dollars, was next placed on trial. Mingo Mecca, the prosecutor, was sworn and stated that his house was broken open and the aarticles mentioned stolen. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

395. Com. vs. Thomas Sinclair et al.
377. " Lena Meinert.
306. " Hughes and Dignam.
234. " Christopher Baker.
371. " John Frank.
324. " John McKirdy.
372. " And. Marks and W. Litus.
383. " Wm. Hanners.
179. " Lewis Hay.
139. " Andrew Barker.
334. " John Wallaker.
426. " John Roberts.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

282. Com. vs. Robert Hague.
322. " Joseph Stewart.
305. " Joseph Conavan et al.
439. " Elizabeth Eberlie.
382. " Thomas Moore.
113. " Emma J. Hays.
307. " Thoms Morgan.
298. " John Law (2 cases.)
242. " James Jones.
240. " Thomas Campbell.
142. " John S. Jones.
392. " Wm. Schettler et al.

Heavy Robbery.

Wednesday morning, officer Long, of this city, received a telegram from detective Hazen, of Cincinnati, requesting him to make inquiry concerning Robert Jones, a colored porter of a sleeping car on the Fort Wayne Railroad, who was suspected of having robbed a passenger in his car. The following, relative to the robbery, we take from the Cincinnati *Commercial* of yesterday:

Detective Hazen returned from Columbus, yesterday, after having caused the arrest and detention at that place, in care of St. De Witt, of a colored porter of a sleeping car, Robert H. Jones, on suspicion of a grand larceny, committed last Saturday. The amount stolen was $1,400 cash, and a certificate of deposit of $20,000 on a foreign bank. The loser of it was Father Smith of the Order of Jesuits, who was on his way to this city, in company with two younger members of the society, who had come over to this country with him from Europe. The money and certificates were contained in a wallet which must have been abstracted from his pocket, while he slept, not far from Pittsburgh. He was traveling in sleeping car No. 92, in which there were not more than a dozen of passengers, all told. The reverend gentleman's suspicions were aroused against the porter, and became stronger when he found that neither that worthy nor his superior, the conductor, paid much attention to his complaint of the loose management of the car, or to his assertion of having been robbed. The fact of the negro having stolen a leave of absence, for two days following the robbery, seems to strengthen the idea as to his guilt.

Mortuary Report.

Dr. W. Snively, Physician of the Board of Health, reports the following interments in the city of Pittsburgh from June 29th to July 5th, 1869:

Diseases—Unknown, 2; Old Age, 2; Accident, 1; Drowned, 1; Poison, 1; Abscess, 1; Cancer, 1; Paralysis, 1; Hemiplegia, 1; Atelectasis, 1; Erysipelas, 1; Hydrocephalus, 1; Icterus, 1; Marasmus, 1; Eclampsia, 3; Cholera Morbus, 1; Cholera Infantum, 6; Cerebral Congestion, 4; Nephritis, 1; Tuberculosis, 5; Exhaustion, 1; Diarrhoea, 1; Dysentery, 1; Still Born, 1.

Of the above there were: Under 1 year, 19; from 1 to 2, 1; from 2 to 5, 2; from 5 to 10, 1; from 10 to 15, 1; from 20 to 30, 2; from 30 to 40, 4; from 40 to 50, 4; from 50 to 60, 2; from 70 to 80, 3; from 90 to 100, 1.

Males.....20	White.....40	Total.....	40
Females...20	Colored.....		

The Keystone Pottery.

It at all times affords us pleasure to refer to our home industry and enterprise, particularly when the subject under consideration is the manufacture of some article for which heretofore we have been dependent upon importers and foreign industry. In this connection we desire to call attention to the Keystone Pottery of Messrs. Kier & Co. Queensware equal, if not superior, to the widely known Liverpool Iron Stone Ware, is manufactured and sold at about half the cost of the former. A visit to the warehouse of the firm, at No. 363 Liberty street, where a large amount of ware is kept on hand, will convince the most skeptical of the truth of this statement.

Something New.

A grand select pic-nic will be held at Glenwood Grove, on Tuesday, July 13th, in aid of the new Catholic Church at Hazelwood. The parties having the management of the pic-nic have taken every precaution to make it one of the most pleasant of the season. We expect that the laudable object will attract thousands to the Grove on the 13th. Tickets (for admission and dinner 50 cts.) can be had at the gate. Trains will leave the Depot of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad at seven, nine and eleven o'clock A. M., and at two, three and four and a half o'clock P. M. 2

A Fascinating Stranger.

Some months since a handsome, prepossessing young gentleman stopped at the hospitable and pleasant town of ———, on the line of the Panhandle Railroad, and announced that he came there to recuperate his health. Of pleasing address and fascinating manners, he quickly found favor in the eyes of the good folks of the locality, who sought in many ways to render his stay among them agreeable and happy. He on his part seemed fully to appreciate their kindness, and endeavored to gratefully return it, by all the arts in his power. It soon became noised abroad, as an admission from his own lips, that he was heir to a good round million, which in a few years, as soon as an extensive estate could be settled, would come into his possession, he, in the meantime, being engaged in a lucrative business, which, for the time, aided by sundry remittances from his friends, sufficed to supply his immediate wants. This fact not in the last detracted from his popularity, but rather had the marvellous effect of redoubling the attention paid to him. He became the centre of all attraction, the delight of every circle, the guest of all who had appreciation for winning names, agreeable society, or affluent independence. It was not long before these influences began to have an effect upon the gallant stranger, which finally exhibited itself in marked attentions paid to one of his fair entertainers, the only daughter of the wealthy S——, the belle and beauty of the town, which, when it became apparent, caused her to be the recipient of Mary's congratulations, hearty and sincere. Very quickly followed the anticipated sequel, that interesting ceremony which of the twain made one and apparently consummated the earthly happiness of two fond hearts. The honeymoon was spent around the dear old homestead, where the hours passed gaily and swiftly by. Well, the husband was called again to resume the activities and excitement of his business pursuits in the city. Arriving here, accompanied by his lady, he established himself in one of the most fashionable and attractive boarding houses in Allegheny, as a temporary arrangement, he said, until the completion of a dwelling more suitable to their station and style of living. Weeks passed away in this delightful manner, not a cloud overspreading their happiness, when one morning the husband found it necessary to take a business trip, and that his connubial partner might be content during his absence, sent her to the paternal mansion to await his return. This being accomplished he was about departing himself without the formality of settling his accounts, when his landlady refreshed his memory upon that point by a timely suggestion as to the amount—$150. The forgetful Benedict at once, with a thousand apologies acknowledged his mistake, and with great reluctance and evident embarrassment, asked, as this had not been foreseen in his calculations, that she be obliging enough to accommodate him till evening—until a remittance of $8,000, which should have been forthcoming earlier, had arrived. The kind woman, appreciating the situation, at once acceded to the request and said no more. Evening came and she was somewhat surprised to miss her boarder, but his absence occasioned no especial alarm until it had been prolonged a day or two, when inquiries began to be made, which caused strange developments and led to the suspicion that all was not right. Further investigations made it apparent that some one had been swindled, and immediately the services of an official, accustomed to unravelling such mysteries, was engaged. That individual proceeded in the line of his duty and a few evenings since, at a late hour, succeeded in discovering the missing person in a hotel not far from his father-in-law's dwelling. He was somewhat unceremoniously aroused from his slumbers and asked for an explanation, which when received only corroborated the suspicions entertained. He, however, again begged for clemency and at his request was escorted to the residence of his bride's father, when a clear statement of the case was made. That astonished gentleman swelled with wrath at the treachery of which he had been made the dupe, and listened at first with scorn to the offer of a compromise by the payment of the amount claimed. Mature and sober reflection, however, convinced him of the wisdom of this course, strongly urged by his friends, and at last he yielded to their solicitations and freed his son-in-law from his perilous position. The curtain closes over the remainder of the romance, but enough has been told to show that the young man adopted a novel method of getting a wife, he being possessed of neither fortune, business nor expectations, traveling on his good address and looks and brazen effrontery.

An Appeal.

ALLEGHENY CITY, July 9, 1869.

MESSRS. EDITORS: A worthy man named George W. Denney, upright and of good repute, which fact is attested by the most distinguished citizens of Allegheny, was robbed Thursday night by two infamous scoundrels of $3,000, which sum had been lent him by a benevolent gentleman to enable him (Denny) to purchase $3,000 in gold for an equal amount of greenbacks from those swindlers. So far from expressing sympathy for this unfortunate man, whose property, acquired through twenty years of toil, must be sold to repay the gentleman who lent him the money, several of the city papers, owing to Mr. Denney's apparent want of discretion, are making a burlesque of the said *event*. "Alas for the rarity of Christian charity" in this sad world. Retributive justice which follows the violation of all laws, human and Divine, will overtake, not only those who have reduced this man's family to penury, but those who laugh at him in his misery may find themselves victimized, sooner or later, in a similar way.

Mr. Denney and his wife, in order to save their property, have had subscription books opened, and will call upon the benevolent ladies and gentlemen of this vicinity for aid. S. A. N.

A Summer's Luxury.

There is nothing so refreshing in this warm weather as a saucer of delicious and finely flavored ice cream, such as can only be found at the fashionable and first-class saloon and confectionery of Messrs. James B. Youngson & Co., corner of Diamond and Smithfield streets. This saloon has long maintained leading position among the well conducted and popular resorts of the city, and receives a very large share of patronage. Ice creams, water ices, soda water, and general confectionery can always be obtained at most reasonable prices and in the cleanest and most attractive manner. The saloon is furnished in elegant style, and for the benefit and amusement of the musically inclined a splendid piano graces the apartment. Messrs. Youngson & Co. attend to supplying parties at private residences or public balls in most satisfactory style and at reasonable rates, and we commend them to our friends as able and successful caterers.

Magistrates' Costs.

As is usually the case, the Grand Jury during the last term ignored a number of bills, in which they held the prosecutors responsible for the costs. Judge Sterrett in looking over the bills thus disposed of discovered that in many instances there was not the slightest foundation for a prosecution, and the prosecutors were, through the "stupidity or cupidity" of magistrates thus thrown into the costs, which in some cases were enormous. In one case, indictment for malicious mischief was presented, in which the defendant was charged with taking down the clothes line of the prosecutor, in which the Alderman's costs were over seven dollars; in another indictment for false pretences, the Alderman's costs were twenty-three dollars. His Honor said that such proceedings could not be tolerated and he directed the clerk not to tax the magistrates' costs in any case hereafter, when they exceeded five dollars. In order for magistrates to secure more than that sum it will be necessary for them to specifically state the items of costs and satisfy the court that they are correct.

The Continental.

We desire to call the attention of the public to the fact that the Continental Saloon, next door to the Post Office, on Fifth avenue, is one of the best conducted, coolest and most comfortable places of restauration in the city. We know whereof we speak when we make this assertion, and feel confident that all who have been so fortunate as to dine with Mr. Holtzheimer, at the Continental, will fully concur in the opinion. The dinners at the Continental are gotten up regardless of expense and served in the highest style of the art. The tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the season, and in fact everything the market affords, and his prices are very reasonable. Go to the Continental if you want a good dinner, breakfast or supper.

The Minstrels.

The matinee this afternoon and this evening's entertainment will close the engagement of Duprez & Benedict's minstrel troupe at the Opera House in this city. No transient company ever played a more successful two weeks' engagement in this city than this company have done. Notwithstanding the fact that the regular amusement season had ended, that the weather has been extremely warm, and consequently a large number of amusement goers are rusticating in the country, the minstrels have played to full houses every night, which is the strongest evidence of their excellence. A full house may be anticipated both this afternoon and evening.

To Consumers.

We desire to call the attention of consumers of tobacco, as well as that of retail dealers, to a fact in which they are directly interested, which is that John Megraw, No. 45 Hand street, has one of the largest, best and most judiciously selected stocks of tobacco, segars, pipes, &c., to be found in the city. Mr. Megraw is well known in this community as a thoroughly honest and fair-dealing business man and enjoys the entire confidence of business men generally. All orders addressed to him from a distance will be promptly filled, and upon as reasonable terms as if the purchaser was present. His segars are really delicious, as all can testify who have tried them.

Ask Your Grocer for Marvin's Crackers, Biscuits, Bread, Snaps, &c. Everything in his line is kept by all first-class grocery stores. Ask for them and take none other.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Parasols and Ladies' Undergarments, in full assortment and attractive plaids. Bates & Bell.

Store Fixtures, Shelving, Counters, Shoe Drawers and Racks, Awning, Fire Proof Safes, Gas Fixtures, Goods, &c., From Sheriff's Sale.

At private sale, after ten o'clock today, the entire fixtures of the Mammoth Auction House, 55 and 57 Fifth avenue. Also, a lot of Shoes, Cassimeres, Soaps, Carpets, Table Cutlery, Furniture, and 500 yards second-hand Brussels Carpet, &c.

The fixtures were put in regardless of cost and are as good as new, and will be sold at a great sacrifice—either as a whole or in part. Full particulars at the auction rooms.

The rapidity with which PLANTATION BITTERS have become a household necessity throughout the civilized nations, is without a parallel in the history of the world. Over five million bottles were sold in twelve months, and the demand is daily increasing. Rich and poor, young and old, ladies, physicians and clergymen, find that it revives drooping spirits, lends strength to the system, vigor to the mind, and is exhausted nature's great restorer. It is compounded of the choicest roots and herbs, the celebrated Calisaya or Peruvian Bark, etc., all preserved in St. Croix Rum. It is sold by all respectable dealers in every town, parish, village and hamlet through North and South America, Europe and all the Islands of the Ocean.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Take Your Little Children to Webber's Photograph Gallery, where, under the mammoth skylights, the work is done well and quickly and warranted to afford satisfaction. Nos. 2 and 4 Sixth (late St. Clair) street.

Marion Station.—The excursion train for sale of lots at above station leaves depot, foot of Grant street, to-day at one o'clock P. M. No tickets required.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Lama Lace Points cheap, to close the stock. Bates & Bell.

We are glad to hear that the Constitution Bitters of Seward & Bentley, are fast superceding the great variety of miserable nostrums sold as Bitters, and the probability is that the sale of Bitters will soon be confined to the Constitution. We hope it will be so, for they are every way worthy of success.

Families Traveling may secure elegant suites of rooms, by telegraph, at the AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON, with every convenience for comfort or luxury. Messrs. Rice have won an enviable reputation as landlords.

Webber's Photographs, at Nos. 2 and 4 Sixth (late St. Clair) street, are the best you can get for the money, surpassing those of any other place in the city. Faithful and life-like pictures are made in less than five seconds of time.

The Life Insurance Question—Some Facts in the Case.

The Eastern companies require you to pay in advance of any necessity. They take your money away and entrust it to strangers of whom you know nothing.

The Co-operative does not require payment until the money is needed to pay the heirs of your co-operators—it keeps the surplus at home and makes actual loans to its policy holders.

Eastern companies make you contract to pay two or three times the admitted value of your insurance, and give you the *word of the agent* that your "dividends" will make it all right.

The "Co operative" charges only the actual cost of insurance and *contracts* in the policy to give the *entire surplus* to policy holders.

A young mutal is necessarily week and an excessive mortality will destroy it.

The Co-operative is as strong in the beginning as a mutal with millions of surpluss.

To live through an epidemic, all other companies *must suspend business and dividends*. The co-operative can keep on the even tenor of its way, and its policies will command a premium.

All this, and more will be made plain to any one at the office of the Co-operative Life Insurance Company, 128 Smithfield street. Call and see.

Episcopal Church Publications—New Books and New Publications for sale by John W. Pittock, Opposite the Post Office.

English History for Children, by the late Rev. J. H. Neale, D. D., cloth—90c.

Perransabutor, or the Lost Church Found, by the Rev. C. T. Fretawney, M. A.—$1.75.

Practical Treatise Concerning Evil Thoughts, by the Rev. W. Chilcot, M. A.—$1.25.

Catechisings on the Prayer Book, by the Rev. W. Lea. M. A.—60c.

Catechism on Theology—85c.

Romanoff. Sketches of the Rites and Customs of the Greco-Russian Church, with an introduction, by Miss Younge, author of "Heir of Redclyffe,"—$3.75.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Webber, the popular photographer, Nos. 2 and 4 Sixth (late St. Clair) street, makes a leading specialty in life sized photographs, either plain, in oil, India ink or water colors. Call in during the early part of the day and secure prompt sitting and avoid waiting. Satisfaction is guaranteed in every case. Remember the place, Nos. 2 and 4 Sixth (late St. Clair) street.

Pittsburgh Saloons.

A gentleman, upon whose statement we can rely, and whose experience has been such as to fully qualify him to judge of such matters, in speaking of dining saloons and restaurants, yesterday, remarked to us that "in no city this side of the Atlantic were those institutions so admirably conducted as in Pittsburgh." Upon inquiry we ascertained that the aforesaid gentleman had just left the Continental Saloon, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice, of which Mr. Holtzheimer is proprietor, where he despatched one of the excellent dinners which are daily served to the patrons of that establishment. This, of course, was a sufficient explanation, and we made no further inquiry.

Lace Goods and Trimmings.

A purchasing visit to W. W. Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street, will, we think, convince any one that his stock of lace goods, trimmings, hosiery and gloves is one of the largest, best, and most judiciously selected in the city. It includes all the latest styles and patterns, of every grade and quality, and his prices are the most reasonable. Ladies, when out shopping, should remember this fact and call at No. 81 Market street, where at all times, they will find obliging salesmen, who take pleasure in exhibiting their splendid stock of goods to customers, whether they desire to purchase or not.

Japanese Silks assorted plaids. Bates & Bell.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

The best and Original Tonic of Iron, Phosphorus and Calisaya, known as Caswell, Mack & Co's Ferro Phosphorated Elixir of Calisaya Bark. The Iron restores color to the blood, the Phosphorus renews waste of the nerve tissue, and the Calisaya gives a natural healthful tone to the digestive organs, thereby curing dyspepsia in its various forms, Wakefulness, General Debility and Depression of Spirits. Manufactured only by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Sold by all druggists. s

For Sale at all Grocery Stores.—
Marvin's Crackers,
Marvin's Jubilee Cakes,
Marvin's Milk Biscuits,
Marvin's Manilla Jumbles,
Marvin's Ginger Cakes,
Marvin's Toast Biscuits.

Everything in the bakery line that you want for family use. Ask for Marvin's. Marvin's store is No. 91 Liberty street. Wholesale and retail trade supplied at the lowest cash rates.

Low Prices for Summer Goods. Bates & Bell.

Marvin's Crackers, Jubilee Cakes and Jumbles are the best in the market. His No. is 91 Liberty. He sells all goods at the lowest price, and warrants them to give entire satisfaction to all.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Special Reductions in Summer Dress Goods. Bates & Bell.

Opportunity to Make Money.—Twenty men or ladies wanted, of good address, to canvass for the most popular Sewing Machine now in use. Apply, after three o'clock, at Office of Howe Sewing Machine, No. 4 Sixth street, late St. Clair. 7:THS

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

Remnants of dress goods, silks and poplins and wool goods, cheap at J. M. Burchfield & Co.'s.

Marvin's No. is 91 Liberty street.

Marvin Wholesales and Retails.

Extra Quality Bleached and Unbleached Muslins at 12½ cents. Bates & Bell.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

Printed P. K's, worth one dollar, closing out at 50 cents. J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 52 St. Clair street.

Sængerbund at Baltimore.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, July 9.—The final arrangements for the reception of all singing societies from New York, Philadelphia and elsewhere, have been completed. The Mæennerchor, of Columbus, Ohio, arrived this morning. One hundred societies will arrive to-morrow. They will be formally received by the Baltimore societies and welcomed by the Mayor at Monument Square. Quite a number of representatives of the press are already here.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, July 9.—The receipts were: flour 2,700 bbls, wheat 103,000 bush, corn 80,000 bush, oats 17,000 bush. Shipments were: flour 2,000 bbls, wheat 110,000 bush, corn 87,000 bush, oats 57,000 bush. Freights: wheat 13c, corn 11c, oats 7½c to New York. Flour market firm; sales of 350 bbls city ground spring at $6,50@6,75; 400 bbls at $6,50@6,75, western spring; $6,75@7, western amber; $7,75@8, western white. Rye Flour firm at $6. Wheat unsettled with good speculative inquiry; sales 45,000 bush No. 2 Chicago at $1,41; 7,500 bush per sample and 7,500 No. 2 Chicago, both early, at $1,40; at the close of 'change 30,000 bush No. 2 Milwaukee Club at $1,42, and in the afternoon 15,000 bush spring, per sample, at $1,37; 30,000 bush No. 2 Chicago at $1,41@1,40 and $1,39; 15,000 bush No. 2 Milwaukee at $1,40, and 15,000 bush do. on spot and to arrive at $1,42, closing unsettled. Corn in fair demand and advanced; sales early of 8,000 bush No. 2 western at 82¼c; 27,000 bush do. at 82c; later 5,000 bush yellow at 86c; 15,000 bush, per sample, at 75@77c; 8,000 bush western at 82c and 52,000 bush No. 2 western at 83c, closing firm. Oats quiet and better; sales 16,000 bush western at 73c; car lots at 75c; at the close was held at 75c, and the stock all in one merchant's hands. Rye nominal; the last sales were at $1,18 for Milwaukee. Barley nominal. Pork steady at $33. Lard steady at 19c. Highwines better and are firmly held at 97c.

NEW ORLEANS, July 9.—Cotton—receipts to day 188 bales; for week gross, 1,361; net, 1,070. Exports to-day 376 bales; for week to continent; 3,380; sales to-day 103 bales; for week, 1,191; stock on hand, 11,384 bales; middlings 32½c. Gold 136¾; Exchange 150¼; New York sight ½c premium. Sugar firmer; common 10@12c, prime 13½@13¾c. Molasses; choice fermenting 64c. Flour; low grades firm, higher and dull; superfine $5,75; double and treble extra $6,25. Corn, white $1,07. Oats 75c. Bran $1,10. Hay, prime, $26@27. Pork $34,50. Bacon 14¾, 18¼, and 18½c. Lard; tierce 19½@20c; keg 21@21½c. Whisky $1,02@1,02½ to $1,05. Coffee; fair 14½@15¼c, prime 16½@16¾c.

CHICAGO, July 9.—At open Board in the afternoon there was quite an active movement in the Grain markets, but prices fluctuated and ruled lower, though the decline was partially recovered at the close; No. 2 spring Wheat sold at a range of $1,31@1,33. Corn weak and lower; No. 2 selling down to 78c, seller the month, but closed firmer at 80c; other grains are neglected. Provisions inactive. Three vessels have been chartered to carry Wheat to Buffalo, but the names and terms are kept private, but the terms are said to be lower than those current on 'change. In the evening the markets were quiet at $1,33½@1,34 for Wheat and 80c for Corn.

NASHVILLE, July 9.—Cotton quiet; low middling 31c; good ordinary 30c. Wheat; Mediterranean 90c; red $1,00; white $1,10. Flour $6@7,50.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 136 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished. REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

WATCHES.

BECOMING POPULAR.

THE UNITED STATES WATCH CO'S

KEY & PENDANT WINDING

WATCHES.

The best watch made, and by far the most convenient. Call and examine them at

W. G. DUNSEATH'S,

56 FIFTH AVENUE,

OPPOSITE MASONIC HALL.

je30

SOAP.

AGENCY FOR

PETER SQUIRE'S, LONDON,

CELEBRATED CHEMICALS.

SOAP,

Containing 40 per cent. Pure Glycerine.

EFFERVESCING PREPARATIONS

Such as Bi Carb Potassa, Vichy Salt, Kissingen Salt, Seidlitz Powder, Citrate Magnesia, Citrate Iron and Quinine, Iodide Potassae, Carbonate Lithia, &c. Also, agent F. A. Sarg's Vienna Glycerine Soap, and Brecknell's, London, Skin Soap.

SIMON JOHNSTON,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

je10

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS

IS NOW COMPLETE,

SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.

Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,

mh9

W. HESPENHEID & CO., No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at this house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET